"have been denied this right since Reconstruction. And, fully as important, the program deepens an awareness of the meaning of first class citizenship, develops a community of action, and creates mutual trust and support among people who too often have been suspicious and divided by fear."

JOANNE EUBANKS

on November 1, 1967, advised that the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) National Convention was held on October 26-29, 1967, and that JOANNE EUBANKS was in attendance. . .

The SWP is an organization which has been cited by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

OFFICERS

CARVER "CHICO" NEBLETT

On June 26, 1967

advised that during a raily held at Franklin Field, Dorchester, Mass., on June 25, 1967, CARVER "CHICO" NEBLETT publicly identified himself as the Secretary of the Boston Chapter of SNCC.



On October 12, 1967, Southern Illinois University, Carbondale, advised that her records revealed that CARVER "CHICO" NEBLETT was born June 14, 1943, at Franklin, Ky. and entered this school during September 1961, but withdrew without completing any courses. 17////



The October 20, 1967, issue of "Student Times", a weekly newspaper published at Boston, Mass., carried an article concerning the appearance of NEBLETT, head of SNCC in Massachusetts, before the Human Relations Club at Boston State College. According to the article, NEBLETT in his talk called on the black community to control its own destiny and liberate itself from the ghetto. He asked black power students to return to the black community and offer their academic knowledge. He stated in part as follows:

"No one gets excited when the Ku Klux Klan burns or kills, but just let a Negro pick up a gun. Is it an admission of guilt? Do I have a reason to shoot? If not, why should I want to retaliate."

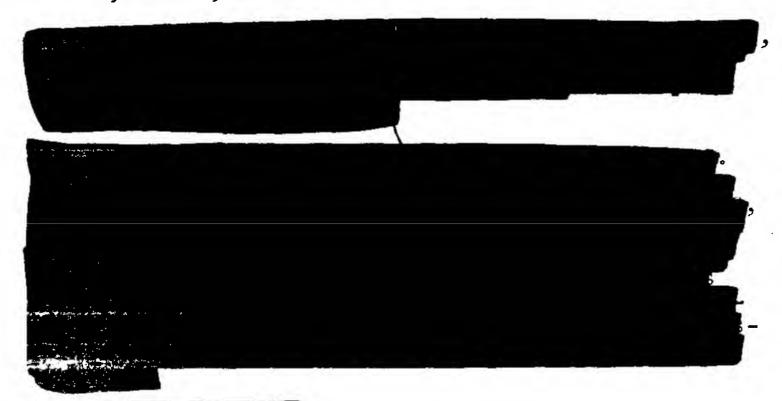
On June 28, 1967, advised that a demonstration against the war in Vietnam in the form of a rally and parade, which formed in the south end of Boston and paraded through the Roxbury section of Boston, was held and NEBLETT spoke at Franklin Park, Roxbury, Mass., and identified himself as the New England Director of SNCC.

advised that NEBLETT was one of a group arrested for conducting a sit-in demonstration at the Welfare Building, 515 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury, Mass., which was sponsored by Mothers for Adequate Welfare. This sit-in demonstration precipitated a riot that lasted for three days.

NEBLETT was arrested on June 2, 1967, the first day of the riot and charged with trespassing, assault and battery.

WILLIAM LEE, JR.

on December 5, 1967, advised that WILLIAM LEE, JR., is a Field Secretary for SNCC and resides in the Boston, Mass., area.



advised on August 8, 1967, that on this date WILLIAM LEE, JR., spoke at a rally at Boston University, Boston, Mass., which was sponsored by the Boston University Student Mobilization Committee. During his speech, LEE, JR., spoke about black power and about President Johnson in obscene terms.

C. FUNDS

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tioned "SNCC Defense Fund Appeal", which was distributed locally by the Boston Chapter of SNCC and Afro-Americans Against the War in Vietnam. The leaflet appealed for a contribution of money to assist in freeing members of SNCC who had been arrested for various violations.

The leaflet stated that a contribution would help release these individuals for more activity against the draft and the war in Vietnam.

II. ACTIVITY

The "Bay State Banner", a weekly Beston, Mass., newspaper, on April 21, 1967, carried an article captioned, "Afros Show Films for SNCC", which stated that a premier film showing was to be sponsored by the Harvard Radclifte Association of African and Afro-Americans for the benefit of SNCC.

The films to be shown were as follows:

- 1. "I Witness: North Vietnam"
- 2. "Good Times, Wonderful Times".

These films were scheduled to be shown at the lowell Lecture Hall, Harvard University, on April 28, 1967, at 1:00 p.m.

Airo Americans Against the War in Vietnam on February 28.
1957, met in the Northampton MBTA Station, Boston, Mass., 1957, Tuneral march through Roxbury, ending up at Grove Hall.
Roxbury, Mass., and which was held to protest the war in Vietnam.

The leaders of the march were dressed in black and carried a coffin dressed in black.

and the contract of the contra

JOANNE EUBANKS and JACKIE GUITDERSON helped to carry the coffin.

ROBERT EUBANKS was also marching near the coffin.

JACKIE GUILDERSON

New England Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) regional mailing list, which indicated the name of JACKIE GUILDERSON, 99 Columbus Avenue, Boston, Mass.

A characterization of SDS appears in the Appendix.

March 12, 1907, carried an article captioned "March in Boston", which described the funeral march through Roxbury, Mass., described above. This article stated that the march was being held to oppose the war in Vietnam and for the black men who died in Vietnam while their people suffer oppression in this country. According to the article, the marchers chanted, "Fight in Roxbury, not in Vietnam."

on March 28, 1967, furnished a leaflet captioned "Three Years on the Georgia Chain Gang". This leaflet stated that an all white jury for JOHNNY WILSON, a 19 year old SNCC worker, had sentenced WILSON to three years on the Georgia chain gang.

The leaflet stated that the case stemmed from domenstrations held on August 17, 1966, outside the induction center in Atlanta, in which twelve SNCC workers were peacefully picketing to protest induction of black men into the U. S. Armod Forces and their being sent to Vietnam. Following an incident between some demonstrators and Atlanta Police, the leaflet stated, that WILSON and eleven other demonstrators were arrested on city charges, convicted on various misdemeanors. and were sentenced to terms in the Atlanta City Stockade ranging from 30 to 120 days.

According to the leaflet, WIRSTN, captain of the picket line, was additionally charged with insurrection, fa which the penalty is death.

The prisoners, including WILSON, Filed charges against the City of Atlanta and they were freed.

The learlet stated that on February 1, 1, 1967, WITCON stood trial on two state charges of assault and habtery and two state charges of "opprobious" language, and as a result of this trial, WIESON was convicted and sentenced to three years on the Georgia chain gang.

The leaflet solicited readers to contribute to the defense fund of WILSON and his friends and was distributed in the Easten area.

the "MOO News", which identified itself as a report on 400 projects. On page 3 of this newsletter, an article captioned "Black History - New England Slave Trade" was carried and consisted of a history of New England people engaging in slave trade.

This newsletter carried an item concerning the arrest of two school children in Roxbury, Mass., for assault and battery on a teacher, and who were subsequently found guilty. The item asked, "When will black people controt their own schools?"

On the reverse side of this newsletter were arcicles captioned "They Mess With Us Here" and "They Mess With "s in Vietnam".

The first article stated that schools are still controlled by the facist Mrs. LOUISE HIGHS, a member of the Boston City School Council. It also stated that unemplayment among black workers is twice that of whites, even though most of the young black men are forcibly employed in Victoum.

In addition, it stated taxes are gring by to pay for the war, and that prices on food scar upward while like children go hungry.

It was pointed out that urbas reseal to go be a specific moving from one dumpy fire trap be another while

police go wild bumping black heads and shooting yours block men on "suspicion".

Finally, this article stated that racism and discrimination rule the country from city hall to the White House.

The second article stated that young black menthe cream of the crop of the Negro race, were dying by the thousands for so-called freedom in Vietnam when they have no freedom at home. It stated that more than thirty pertent of the troops on the front lines in Vietnam are black troops.

According to this article, black troops on less of in Vietnam are discriminated against in bars, restaurants, etc., just like they are in the South in this country.

According to the article, black troops are fored to kill Vietnamese women and children while their own women and children while their own women and children are bombed, burned, and beaten in the United States.

on December 5, 1967, Turnished a leaflest captioned "Black Power Revolution in Art", which stated that an exhibition of black power in art would be held at the Emerson Gallery, Arlington Street Church, 355 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass., on December 4-22, 1957. One of the spensors of this exhibition was listed as being SNOO.

Sche of the art pictures listed to le shown are as follows:

"Ain't Got No Job"

"black Power Woman"

"bleeding Christ"

"Vietnam Widow"

"Memories of JrK"

"Angry Black Artist"

"Say It, Stokely!"

"What Difference is There For Mc, Whitey?"

"Roxbury Rebellion"

APPENDIX

1.

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Farty has "going for us." At the June, 1965 SDS National Convention, an anticommunist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of April 18, 1967, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 100-31,207

Boston, Massachusetts

December 6, 1907

TITLE

COMMUNICE TREINTRACIOS OF

STUDENT NON-VIOLENT

COORDINATING COMMITTE : (SINCE)

CHARACTER:

INTERNAL SECURITY - .. .

REFERENCE:

Report or SA duted and cag becard

as above at Boston,

Massachusetts.

All sources (except any listed below) the a tities are concealed in referenced communication have ideniabled reliable information in the past.

This document contains heither recommendations nor conclusions of the FET. It is the property of the FRI and is leaned to your of energy it and its contents are not to be distributed ortside year agency.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
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TITLE OF CASE		REPORT MADE BY		TYPED
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TE BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

. 1 1 follow and report the activities of the Boston Chapter

SPECIAL AGENT	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
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INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Location

Instant Report, Page 1

Instant Report, Page 2

100-35267-161

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is being classified "Configuration" since the information furnished by through could logically result in identification of confidential informants of continuing value and jeopardize their future effectiveness.



COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1 - OSI, Westover AFB, Mass. (RM)

Copy to: 1 - 108th MI Group, Boston (RM)

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Report of:

3/14/68

Office: Boston, Massachusett

Field Office File #: 100-35267

Bureau File #: 100-439190

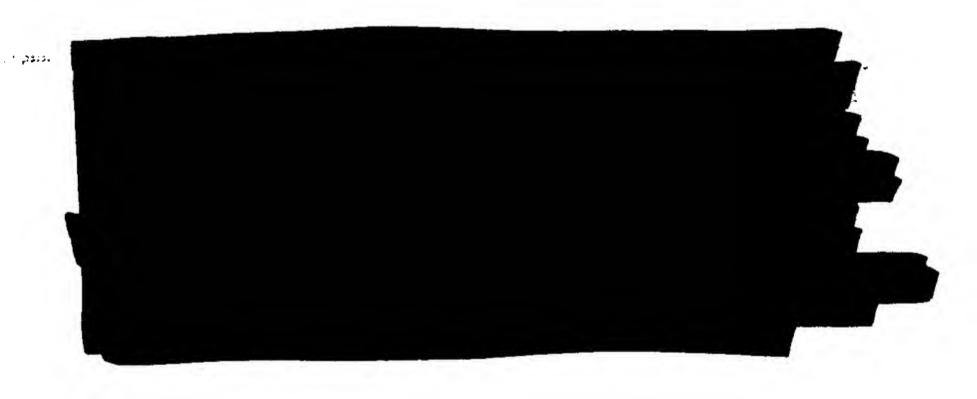
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STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORLINATING COMMITTEE

(SNCC)

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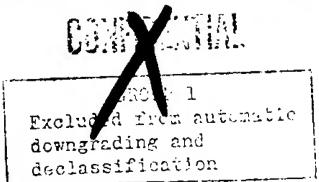
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LECAILS:

1. ORGANIZATION

A. Headquarters

On February 5, 1960, advised that the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC)



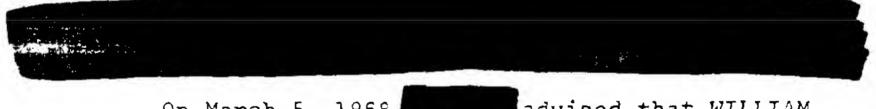
headquarters had moved from 177 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury (Boston), Massachusetts, and are now located at 255 Dudley St., Roxbury. This is a store front location known as Vinited Militant Headquarters. In addition to Boston SNCC this location houses the Afro-Americans Against the War in Vietnam, which is a militant Negro group opposing United States Policy in the Vietnam war, and in particular Negro participation in that war. It is also the office of Rebellion News", a militant Negro newspaper published monthly in the Roxbury-Dorchester area of Boston. New 5

B. Officers

On June 25, 1967

advised

Massachusetts, on June 25, 1967. CARVER "CHICO" NEBLETT publicly identified himself as Secretary of the Boston Chapter of SNCC.



On March 5, 1968 advised that WILLIAM LEE had identified himself in the past as a Field Secretary For SNCC in the Boston area.

On August 8, 1987,

LEE spoke at a rally at Boston
University, Boston, Massachusetts,
sponsored by the Boston University
Student Mobilization Committee.
During his speech LEE spoke about
Flack Power and about President
JOHNSON using obscene terms.

On January 27, 1968, advised that CHARLES TURNER has been acting as the person in authority in behalf of Boston SNCC in the absence of CARVER NEBLETT. bases this statement on the fact that TURNER has chaired two meetings organized by SNCC at the Roxbury YMCA on January 15 and 25, 1968, which meetings were held for the purpose of attempting to form a United Front made up of representatives of all Negro organizations in the Greater Boston area.

The January 11, 1968 edition of the Bay State Banner, a weekly newspaper published in Roxbury, Massachusetts, carried an article written by CHARLES TURNER which identified him as Temporary Chairman of an organizing committee for a "United Front." The article stated that the idea of a United Front was suggested by STOKELY CARMICHAEL during the recent visit of CARMICHAEL to the Roxbury area.

IJ. ACTIVITY

On January 16, 1968, advised that an organizational meeting for a proposed United Front was held at the YMCA on Warren St., Roxbury, on January 15, 1968. Various representatives of Negro organizations were present by invitation. The purpose of the meeting was to consider a proposal to form a new organization which would be known as "United Front." stated that CHARLES TURNER, who appeared to be representing SNCC, acted as the leader of the meeting.

TURNER told the meeting that the idea of a Whited Front was introduced by STOKELY CARMICHAEL when he had been in Roxbury approximately a month before.

CAPMICHAEL'S desire was to organize a United Front in each rajor city which would consist of a representative from every Negro organization. Once these United Fronts are formed a National United Front will be formed made up of representatives of the individual United Fronts. In this way a combine of black power will be built up which would be used to support programs for black people.

stated that the United Front proposal was deceived rather coldly by the members of the audience.

On January 27, 1968, advised that a second secting was held at the YMCA in Roxbury on January 25, 1967 in an effort to organize the United Front. The meeting was ste in starting and, in fact, did not start until CHARLES GLARK appeared to act as Chairman. Later in the evening TOKELY CARMICHAEL appeared and spoke to the group telling them that the purpose behind the proposed United Front organization was to organize all phases of Negro life - is ctors should be organized, lawyers and even school children. We said the United Front would serve as an umbrella for the stant Negroes. He warned that the law would move on the stant Negroes unless they were backed by all organizations. Stated that once again the representatives from the action organizations were not impressed by the idea.

advised on February 19, 1967 that a third meeting was held at the Roxbury YMCA on February 7, 1968 in an effort to organize a United Front. CHARLES TURNER acted as Chairman of the meeting and represented Boston SNCC. Stated that the meeting got nowhere since every argument used by CHARLES TURNER in favor of forming a United Front was vigorously answered by KENNETH GUSCOTT, President of the Boston Branch of National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP).

III. MISCELLANEOUS

The state of the s



On March 5, 1968, advised that CARVER NEBLETT ned not been seen in the Roxbury area by him during the months of January and February, 1968. He stated that on March 3, 198, he observed CARVER NEBLETT riding in an automobile in the Roxbury section of Bostor.



The Aframerican News Service is published to serve the needs of the black community and to help build a retionalde communications network of all "involved in the truggle of the black community."

APPENDIX

STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

A pamphlet distributed by the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) captioned, "SNCC: Structure and Leadership" states in part as follows:

"The Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee is not a membership organization, but rather an agency attempting to stimulate and foster the growth of local protest movements.

"The Coordinating Committee itself consists of representatives of protest groups which meet regularly to formulate strategy. The Committee elects an executive committee, which is responsible for employing staff and overseeing the general program."

"SNCC workers have organized and guided local protest movements which are never identified as SNCC projects. This is part of its program of developing, building, and strengthening indigenous leadership.

"This program has captured the imagination of students all over the country, and today more than 150 SNCC field secretaries are symbols of courage and dedication as they undertake the often tedious and tiring, and always dangerous work, in the most difficult areas of the South..."

The December 3, 1964, issue of "The Atlanta Journal," a daily newspaper issued in Atlanta, Georgia, contained an article by Columnists Rowland Evans and Robert Novak captioned, "Civil Rights: The Danger Ahead," which stated in part as follows:

"THE FIRST authentic revolutionary student movement in U. S. history is now trying to take over leadership of the Negro fight for equality."

The above article continued stating, "This new leadership, headed by young activists like James Foreman and

1

SNCC (CONTINUED)

2.

John Lewis of the SNCC, is now identifying himself with the leadership of the emerging new nations of Africa and other underdeveloped parts of the world."

This article also stated, "In September half a dozen left-wing activists, including Lewis, Foreman and Robert Moses, the on-the-scene leader in Mississippi, went to Guinea as guests of President Sekou Toure. The State Department knew they were going, but was completely by-passed, and got no report despite two long sessions between the Negro leaders and President Sekou Toure himself. What worries responsible leaders of the civil rights movement is that SNCC will put into practice the revolutionary techniques of these emerging countries."

The above article stated further, "Whether and to what extent these new activists are Communist-infiltrated and to wholly known. But it's significant that Moses was a speaker last week in New York at the annual dinner of the National Guardian, a publication widely regarded as the most flamboyant exponent of the Chinese Communist line in this country."

The April 4, 1965, issue of "The Washington Post," a daily newspaper issued in Washington, D. C., contained an article by Columnists Rowland Evans and Robert Novak captioned, "Inside Report - A Long Lock at SNCC," which stated as follows:

"THE PRESENCE OF Communist elements within the operations of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) is not really a case of diabolical Red infiltration. In the civil rights battle, SNCC simply has left the door open to all who want to enter.

"It would be a miracle if Communists had not attached themselves to SNCC. Instead, SNCC leaders make no secret of their refusal to bar Communists.

3.

"And because SNCC is the inspiration for so many idealistic young collegians, this refusal to recognize the danger of Communist infiltration is tragic. By providing ammunition to the segregationists, it poses a long-range threat to the civil rights movement itself (as Communists almost wrecked U. S. labor a generation ago).

"EVER SINCE we first wrote of this danger, in August, 1963, we have been denounced by angry SNCC defenders challenging us to cite evidence. We do so now, but with these two caveats:

"First, extreme radicalism in SNCC is by no means solely or even principally due to Communist influences (for example, black racism is rising inside SNCC). Second, only an infinitesimal fraction of SNCC workers have Communist ties.

"But an infinitesimal fraction can be quite influential. Consider the fact that SNCC's legal arm, particularly in Mississippi voter registration, is virtually the same as the National Lawyers Guild, long-time follower of the Communist line. It was this legal advice that helped propel the Mississippi Freedom Party (a subsidiary of SNCC) to extremist positions at the 1964 Democratic Convention.

"Two Lawyers Guild members active in SNCC projects--Morton Stavis and Arthur Kinoy-- are illustrative of many.

"Both have specialized in Communist clients (Kinoy participated in the defense of atom spies Julius and Ethel Rosenberg). Both

9

SNCC (Continued)

4

have belonged to Communist fronts (Stavis took the Fifth Amendment before Congress in regard to Communist Party membership). Both have been attorneys for the United Electrical, Radio, and Machine Workers (the notorious UE expelled from the CIO in 1950 because of Communist domination).

"MOREOVER, there is a clear connection between SNCC, the UE, and an ultraleftist publication called the National Guardian (which currently spews out the Chinese Communist line).

"Copies of the National Guardian are standard equipment at SNCC field offices. SNCC leaders have signed testimonials praising the Guardian. The Guardian's general manager is Russell Nixon, formerly of the UE. At the UE national convention last September, the 'potentiality' of allaying 'labor' and civil rights was discussed by Ella J. Baker, a prominent SNCC adviser.

"It was Miss Baker, a veteran leftist, who harangued neophyte Mississippi Negro leaders into refusing a good compromise at the 1964 Democratic Convention. She also helps link SNCC with the Southern Conference Educational Fund (SCEF), where she has intimate ties. SCEF, impregnated with pro-Communists, has provided financial and personnel assistance to SNCC.

"MORE OMINOUS are the ties between SNCC and Communist youths groups abroad. A SNCC representative named Reginald Robinson attended the Moscow World Youth Forum last September. SNCC workers plan to attend a Red-sponsored youth rally in Algeria this summer. And SNCC is seeking alliances with young radicals abroad.



SNCC (Continued)

5

"John Lewis, SNCC's national chairman, seems to be no Communist. But he is repeating the error of so many liberals of the past who believed they could use the Communists rather than be used.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Boston, Massachusetts March 14, 1968

Title STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - SNCC

Reference

dated and captioned as above at Boston, Massachusetts.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities concealed in referenced communication have furnished a charble information in the past.

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FEDERAL SUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

7/22/68

3/26/68 - 7/2/68

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OFFICE OF ORIGIN

BOSTON

REPOSING OFFICE

TITLE OF CASE

BOSTON

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B\$ 100-35267

Will interview ANDREW CURTIS FAIRE, JR., whose automobile was used by CARVER NEBLETT to pick up STOKELY CARMICHAEL at Logan International Airport, East Boston, Massachusetts, on June 28, 1968.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Location

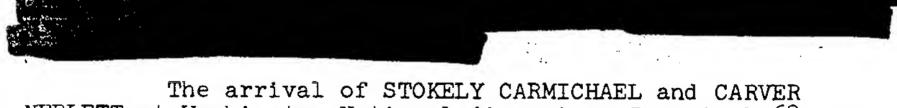
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100-37622-104

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is being classified "CONFT. WTIAL" since the information furnished by through could could confidential informants of continuing value and jeopardize their future effectiveness.



The arrival of STOKELY CARMICHAEL and CARVER NEBLETT at Washington National Airport on June 9, 1968, was observed by SAs of the WFO, whose identities are unknown to the Boston Office.

(2 6 - 2 - 3 - 5 S)

CONFICENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

1-OSI, WESTOVER AIR FORCE BASE, MASSACHUSETTS (RM)

1-108th MI GROUP, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS (RM)

1-NISO, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS (RM)

Report of:

7/22/68

Office: Boston, Massachusetts

Date:

Field Office File #:

100-35267

Bureau File #: 100-439190

Title:

STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - SNCC

CARVER G. NEBLETT is reported to be the Chairman of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) in Boston. CHARLES TURNER acts for SNCC in the absence of NEBLETT. STOKELY CARMICHAEL visited Boston on 3/22/68 under the auspices of SNCC and other black organizations. On 4/8/68, at a meeting of the United Front in Boston, a list of demands on the "white power structure" was drafted and NEBLETT demanded guns. NEBLET, in 5/68, was described as one of three Ministers of Information of the Black Panther Party. On 6/28/68, CARMICHAEL visited Boston and spoke at a United Front meeting. He was met at airport by NEBLETT, among others. One of the reported reasons for CARMICHAEL's visit was to attempt to set up a branch of the Black Panther Party in Boston. If it is formed, NEBLETT will a head it.

- P -

Details:

I. ORGANIZATION

A. Headquarters

On June 13, 1968, advised that the new store front office at 375 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury, Massachusetts, next door to the office of the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), had been reported to him as a new SNGC office.

GROUP

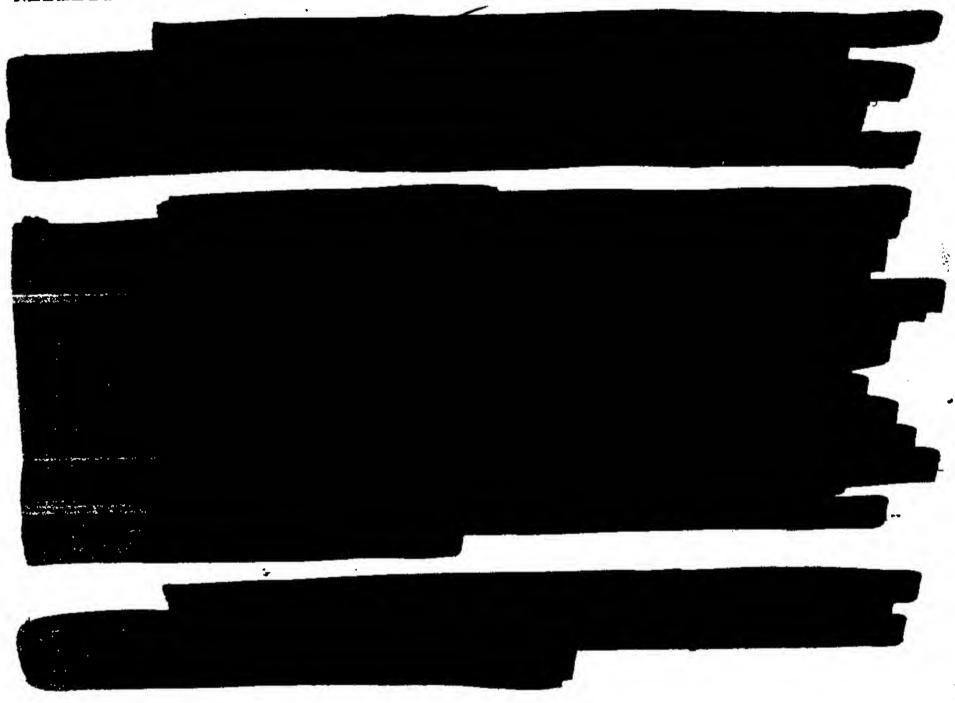
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lowngrading and declassification

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the Pair in its inhance to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

B. Officers

On June 5, 1968, advised that CARVER "CHICO" NEBLETT is the Chairman of SNCC in the Boston area.



II. FIMANCIAL

III. ACTIVITIES

On March 26, 1968, advised that on March 22, 1968, a group in Cambridge, Massachusetts, had invited STOKELY CARMICHAEL, MUHAMMED ALI, and OGINGA ODINGA of Kenya, to a Black People's Forum at Boston Technical High School. The subject of the Forum was to be "Black Revolution". Only STOKELY CARMICHAEL showed up and it was explained that the other two scheduled speakers were prevented by unexplained reasons from being present.

JOHN YOUNG of CORE acted as the moderator of the Forum, which actually started about 45 minutes later than its scheduled 6:30 p.m. starting time. Only black people were permitted into the Forum and white members of the press were turned away at the door.

of SNCC who talked about the war in Vietnam and why black people should not be giving their lives there and still be living under a white racist society. He told people if they needed help in resisting the draft to contact SNCC or CORE where they could get the proper advice. Another man in African dress was JAMES FORMAN, who talked about how black people should inform other black people concerning what was going on in the country. He spoke of the possibility of many people being killed this summer and that this might be necessary for the survival of the black race.

STOKELY CARMICHAEL then took the platform and spoke about the self-identity of black people. He spoke of Africa as the mother land and the United States as a country which has raped every other country and taken its worldly goods. He said the white man took everything from Africa, then he took the people. He spoke of the white racist society's educational system being geared to teach black children that the white man is superior.

CARMICHAEL spoke of his travels to other countries and told of how the United States was telling other countries of things in the United States which were not true. He said that people in Africa were under the impression that Mississippi had sent some black people to the Democratic National Convention in 1964. He discussed how white people were just fooling black people with voting rights, etc. He stated that things were still geared to the white man's advantage.

CARMICHAEL indicated no African country but che had won their independence through violence and this is why

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one never hears any African nation speaking out against United States policies in the United Nations. He said they were still under the domination of their former slave masters. He indicated the only way for the black people in the United States to gain their independence is to fight for it.

CARMICHAEL then read a letter from H. RAP BROWN, written in prison, entitled "No Slave Should Die a Natural Death". People were then asked to contribute money to aid in RAP BROWN's defense.

After the Forum was finished, CARMICHAEL was seen at 116 Homestead Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts (the residence address of CARVER NEBLETT). CARMICHAEL was to meet some youths of the community the next day, but did not know where the meeting was held or what took place.

On April 9, 1968, advised that on the evening of April 8, 1968, a meeting of the United Front was held in Roxbury. Representatives of some of the groups making up the United Front were present, including KENNETH GUSCOTT of the National Association of Colored People (NAACP), JOHN YOUNG of CORE, and CARVER NEBLETT of SHCC. A list of demands on the "white power structure" was drafted and a very militant discussion was had. CARVER HEBLETT, according to demanded guns.

The United Front is made up of representatives of local Negro organizations for the purpose of unifying Black Power. It was suggested by STOKELY CARMICHAEL during a visit to Boston, according to the January 11, 1958 edition of the Bay State Banner, a weekly newspaper published in Roxbury, Massachusetts, which carried an article written by CHARLES TURNER, who identified himself as Temporary Chairman of an organizing committee for a "United Front".

On May 31, 1968, advised that on May 30, 1968, a closed meeting of the Black Panther Party (BPP) was held at Richmond, California. Approximately 150 individuals, all makes and all purportedly members of the BPP, were present. Stated that prior to entering the premises where this meeting was held, all participants were required to support the fact they were BPP members.

The source stated that BOBBY SEALE, Minister of Information, BPP, was the main speaker and he outlined the organizational structure of the BPP. Included among the officers of the BPP were STOKELY CARMICHAEL, Prime Minister;

H. RAP BROWN, Minister of Black Justice; and CHICO NEBLETT, one of three Ministers of Justice. The source also advised that the officers named by SEALE are considered as the Central Committee and only the Central Committee can give orders to move into any particular area before attack.

A characterization of the BPP is appended to this report.

STOKELY CARMICHAEL visited HUEY NEWTON in the jail shortly after 1:00 p.m. on May 31, 1968. CARMICHAEL was accompanied by CARVER NEBLETT and two other individuals. (NEWTON, Minister of Defense for the BPP, was in jail awaiting trial for the murder of an Oakland, California policeman.)

On June 4, 1968, advised that in his judgment, Boston SNCC is relatively unimportant among civil rights groups in Boston. If it has any importance it is certainly not outwardly apparent and must be behind the scenes.

The same is true of SNCC's Chairman for Boston, "ANTICL" NEBLETT. sees him occasionally in the Roxbury area but he never seems to be associating with known militant theorem. He does not appear to work, but dresses very well and must have some source of income. NEBLETT does not impress this source as having leadership qualities and in his public appearances, has borrowed from the speeches of H. RAP BROWN and STOKELY CARMICHAEL in words and style of delivery.

chico's wire, is a young woman who finds fault with everything in the white man's world. If she waits for service in a store a little longer than she believes necessary, she is convinced it is a deliberate affront because of the color of her skin.

also stated that the situation in Roxbury is parently on an even keel. There appears to be no aggravated racial tension and no planned militant action by SNCC of which is aware.

On June 9, 1968, STOKELY CARMICHAEL, accompanied by CARVER NEBLETT and one other individual, was observed by Agents of the FBI to arrive at National Airport, Washington, D.C., on a flight from Detroit, Michigan.

On June 19, 1968, advised that on the evening of June 14, 1968, a meeting of the United Front was held at the Roxbury branch of the YMCA. This meeting was reported to be by invitation only and those invited had been told that STOKELY CARMICHAEL might be present. CARMICHAEL did not show up and very few persons were in attendance. The meeting was chaired by JOHN YOUNG of Boston CORE and the only speakers, other than persons who spoke from the floor, were "CHICO" NEBLETT and CHARLES TURNER of Boston SNCC. The purpose of the meeting, according to NEBLETT, was to organize a branch of the BPP in Roxbury. NEBLETT said the purpose of the BPP was to protect the Negro citizen.

"CHUCK" TURNER spoke in favor of the BPP and pointed out the need existing in the community for such an organization. One of the areas where the BPP could operate is in the Massachusetts Avenue area and in the area from Washington Street to Huntington Avenue, Roxbury, according to NEBLETT and TURNER. They particularly hate the "white hunter", the white man who cruises the area in an automobile for the purpose of picking up a prostitute.

June 14, 1905, and not a great deal was accomplished. Much of the evening was spent in bickering on meaningless points. One unidentified Negro present, who appeared to be a black student from Africa, thought the whole meeting was laughable. He remarked to one person, "This group will never accomplish anything. They don't know how to go about it."

advised that during the meeting, CARVER NEBLETT was told that the Mafia controls prostitution. NEBLETT was asked if he contemplated taking on the Mafia. NEBLETT evided answering this. It was also mentioned at the meeting that STOKELY CARMICHAEL would be present in two weeks' time to help organize the Black Panther Party.

also advised that BRYANT ROLLINGS of the Urban League, stated that CHICO NEBLETT and Boston SNCC exert very little influence in Roxbury and that no one actually listens to SNCC unless SNCC is in agreement with the other groups making up the community.

On June 25, 1963

advised

his office had obtained a copy of a handbill advertising

a United Front meeting which set forth the following data:

"United Front Meeting. Date: June 28, 1968; Time: 7:30 P.M. Place: Roxbury YMCA. Agenda: To be announced at the meeting; there will be opportunity for groups to add new items to the agenda. Barring an emergency, STOKELY CARMICHAEL has given his word to be at the meeting to discuss the progress of the United Front in Washington."

stated also that an attachment to the handbill stated as follows:

"The United Front has been operating on an informed basis for a number of months; we believe that if the Front is to become effective in Boston we must begin to solidify the structure.

"As a first step toward this end we are requesting that all organizations committed to participation in the Front, complete the enclosed form and either send it to the United Front - 12 Morely Street, Roxbury, Mass., or bring it to the next United Front meeting.

"Co-Chairmen: John Young, Charles Turner".

stated that CHARLES TURNER resided at 12 Morley Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts.

The following form was attached, according to

"Black United Front . Statement of Commitment

"Gentlemen:

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"The official policy making body (or authorized officer) of is committed to the creation of a Black Name of Organization .
United Front in Boston.

"Our commitment is hereby demonstrated by the appointment from this organization of an authorized representative to the United Front this person is authorized to vote Name of Person

for our organization on all matters that come before the United Front:

"With this statement of commitment, our organization understands that

- "A. Regardless of racial composition of the organization, our official representative to the United Front will be a black person.
- "B. All business of the United Front will be on the basis of majority rule.

"President or Official Officer of Organization:

Name	OI.	such	person		
Date:				•	11

On June 28, 1968, STOKELY CARMICHAEL was observed at Logan International Airport. East Boston. Massachusetts at about 4:30 p.m. by

advised on
July 2, 1968, that he recognized CARMICHAEL, who he has seen on prior occasions at the airport
advised on July 2, 1966, that he had list observed carmichael in the vicinity of the American Airlines terminal at the airport. CARMICHAEL was accompanied by four Negro males, two of whom were carrying suitcases of some sort and two of whom had no baggage. He described the two without baggage as follows:

No. 1: Negro male, age approximately 35, short and stocky build, moustache, wearing a white sports shirt and dark trousers;

No. 2: Negro male, very tall'- approximately 6' 3", "African" style haircut, wearing military fatigues, military boots and a military field jacket.

On July 2, 1968, identified a photograph of CARVER NEBLETT as the tall Negro who accompanied CARMICHAEL from the airport on June 28, 1968. stated that he believed that he had seen NEBLETT waiting around the airport at about 2:30 p.m. on June 28, 1968, and noted that most flights on that date were delayed due to inclement weather. CARMICHAEL accompanied by other Negroes, was observed by to enter a white Plynouth automobile at the airport. This vehicle bore Massachusetts registration L47-743.

On June 28, 1968, personnel of the Massachusetts Registry of Motor Vehicles, 100 Nashua Street, Boston, Massachusetts, advised that Massachusetts registration L47-743 was listed to ANDREW CURTIS FAIRE, JR., 55 Lawrence Avenue, Roxbury, Massachusetts, for a 1965 white Plymouth sedan.



Roxbury YMCA, Warren Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts, advised that STOKELY CARMICHAEL had entered the YMCA about 8:15 p.m. on that date and was attending a meeting in one of the conference rooms in the YMCA. This meeting was concluded at 10:50 p.m.

On July 1, 1968, advised that STOKELY CAR-MICHAEL spoke to a meeting of the United Front at the Rexbury YMCA at 8:15 p.m. on June 28, 1968. CARMICHAEL said it is a necessity that black groups organize to work together instead of being separated and divided as the white man wants. He discussed the fact that the United Front in Boston has \$150,000 to distribute to worthwhile causes.

CARMICHAEL spoke in revolutionary tones when he discussed the subject of curfews being imposed by the white man as a control over blacks. He suggested that the white hippies be utilized to break the curfew. He told the assembled group to tell the hippies that if they want to be black to go out during curfews and "shoot a cop". He said to tell them that black people shoot cops.

The source also stated that he understands that one of CARMICHAEL's purposes in coming to Boston was to try to help set up a group of the Black Panther Party in Boston. If it comes into existence, CARVER NEBLETT of SNCC will head it.



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BLACK PANTHER PARTY FOR SELF-DEFENSE (BPPSD)

A source advised that the Black Panther Party For Self-Defense (BPFSD) was formed by HUEY PERCY NEWTON, Minister of Defense, and BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, Chairman, in Oakland, California, in December, 1966, as a militant black nationalist political organization to combat "police brutality" to unite militant black youth, to determine the destiny of black communities, and to educate black people in African history. The political philosophy of the organization was taken from the writings of MAO Tse-tung of Communist China and black militant writers.

The official BPPSD publication "The Black Panther - Black Community News Service" indicates the leadership of the BPPSD advocates the use of gun and guerilla tactics in the violent revolutionary program to end oppression and to oppose the drafting of black men to fight in Vietnam.

A second source advised that in early 1967, SEALE, . NEWTON, and their associates carried carbine rifles and holstered plattels in plain view on the streets of Oakland and elsewhere while on "defense patrols."

BOBBY GEORGE SEALE was one of the persons arrested by the Sacramento, California Police Department on May 2, 1957, when members of the BPPSD invaded the California State Legislative Assembly in Sacramento while in session, carrying loaded guns to protest restrictions on the carrying of guns.

A Grand Jury of Alameda County, California, Oakland, California, on November 13, 1957, indicted HUEY PERCY NEWFON on charge of murder of an Oakland, California police officer on October 28, 1957, in Oakland, California.

The first source advised that the headquarters office of the BPPSD at 5624 Grove Street, Oakland, California, is closed and that no membership meetings have been held since August, 1967.

The November 4, 1957 issue of "The Sun Reporter," a ban Francisco, California Negro community newspaper, states that a HUEY PERCY NEWTON defense fund has been established and that the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) and the Congress on Racial Equality (CORE) through the national offices have pleased their complete and continuous support to the defense of HUEY PERCU NEWTON.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UTED STATES DEPARTMENT O USTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Boston, Massachusetts July 22, 1968

Title

STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING

COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - SNCC

Reference

Report of SA dated and captioned as above at

Boston.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the respectly of the FSI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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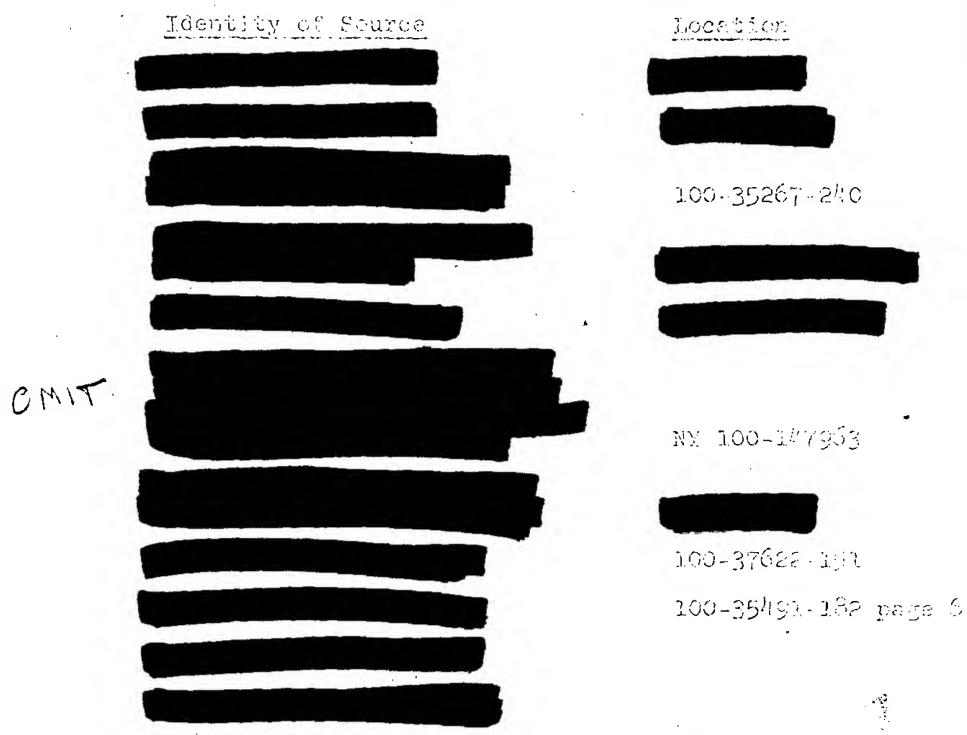
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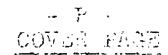
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INFORMATIOS:



ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is being classified could noted since the information furnished by through could logically result in identification or confidential informants of continuing value and juopavdize their future offectiveness.



Indices of the Boston Office contain no persiment data comporning individuals listed in records located at Payneville, Alabama, other than as set forth in the appendix of persons.

Information regarding the use of marijuana has been furnished to the Harcotic Bureau locally.

Copy in:

1 - OST, MASTOVER AIR PORCE BASE, MASSACHUSE (RM)

1 - 108th MI GROUP, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS (NA)

1 - NISO, POSTON, MASSACHUŠETTS (RM)

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10/27/65

Office: Boston, Massachusetts

Field Office File #:

100-35267

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STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SHCC)

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RACIAL MATTERS

Synopsis



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BS 100-35267

DETAILS:

. I. ORGANIZATION

A. Headquarters

On August 19, 1968, advised that the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committe (SNCC) office is located at 375 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury, Massachusetts. The source noted that this office now has a typewriter and file cabinet in it.

A characterization of

SNCC is contained in the appendix.

B. Officers

On August 28, 1968, advised that CARVER "CHICO" NEBLETT is the head of SNCC in the Boston area. further advised that CHARLES TURNER is believed by him to be second in authority of Boston SNCC.

NEBLETT continues to reside at 116 Homestead Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts, according to the source and is married to RENEE, NEBLETT, nee CHEATHAM.

MIRS. CARVERGENE THEBLETT

II. ACTIVITIES

On July 19, 1968, advised that GUIDO ST.

IAURENT, a militant Boston Negro and the head of the New
England Grass Roots Organization (NEGRO) is an associate
of the members of the Boston SNCC. The source stated that
members of the Boston area SNCC are for the most part persons
who have come from out-of-state in the past several years. The
source stated that NEGRO is an organization which is dedicated
to assisting black people who live in the ghetto area.

On August 28, 1968, advised that members of the Black Panther Party (BPP) hang out at the office of the Congress on Racial Equality (CORE) at 373 Blue Hill Avenue, and at the office of SNCC at 375 Blue Hill Avenue. source stated that CARVER NEBLETT is the head of the BPP in the Boston area and holds the rank of captain. source understands that members of the BPP wear a distinguishing badge on the left side of their vest. They have attended several "Summerthing" productions which were run under the auspices of the City of Boston. The source explained that these productions were for the entertainment of residents of the ghetto areas and other residents of the City of Boston. They consisted of ballet, rock and roll groups, and stage productions. The purpose of the attendance by the BPP members at these affairs was to help keep order during and after these shows. A characterization of the BPP is contained in the appendix section of this report.

On July 10, 1968, advised that there are currently approximately fifty staff members of SNCC throughout the country. These individuals have a voting right when meetings of the staff are called. From these fifty staff members, a fifteen member Central Committee is elected, which committee functions as the policy making organ for the entire SNCC operation. National officers of the SNCC are selected from the fifteen member Central Committe and under recent reorganization of SNCC, they will be composed of ten Deputy Charmen and a Program Secretary. Included in a list of current staff members furnished by was "CHICO" NEBLETT, Boston, Massachuset

On August 30, 1968, advised that a meeting of the BPP was held on or about August 22, 1968, at the Opportunities Industrialization Center Hall which is located in the old Hibernian Hall on Dudley Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts.

The source said the BPP group in Boston has grown in size. Its membership is made up almost entirely of members of the Youth Alliance Inc., the Freedom Security Patrol and NEGRO. There appears to be no central office for the BPP according to this source, and the members utilize the COME and SNCC offices adjacent to each other at 373 and 375 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury, Massachusetts.

On June 17, 1958, had advised that the Youth Alliance Inc., is a militant Negro teen-age group whose office is located at 382 Blue Hill Avenue in the Roxbury section of Boston, Massachusetts. Its stated purpose is to provent Negro school dropouts, assist Hegro youths in obtaining jobs and job training and to prevent delinquency and crime among Megro youths. The Freedom Security Patrol was organized to patrol Roxbury and is made up primarily of members of the Youth Alliance Inc. The Freedom Security Patrol patrols Roxbury stracts to prevent crime and to assist police in locating potential trouble spots. The Freedom Security Patrol observes police arrasts to determinais "police brutality" exists. Freedom Security Patrol has a communication system which utilizes the Citizens Broadcast Band and which radio system is controlled by the Youth Alliance Inc.

On September 16, 1968, advised that the BPP in Boston is composed of fifteen to eighteen members. "CHICO" NEBLATT is the leader of the BPP in Boston. The Boston branch of the BPP was started by four Negroes who came from California and one of the leaders was one of the four who came from California, known to the source as SERRY (Last Name Unknown). This scurce has not seen JERRY for ever one would, and he does not know if he still is in the Boston area.

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Shoo office, at 375 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury, Massachusetts, as a hang out. He noted that the HPP is very militant in their talk but as far as this source is aware, they have committed no acts of sabetage or violence in the Boston area. The source stated that Boston Shoo and the RPP have become one and the same but both identities are being maintained and the source has heard nothing indicating that they have merged. However, both Shoo and the BPP use the same quarters and "CHICO" NEBLETT is a leader in both and it is hard to distinguish one from the other.

Concerning "CHICO" NEWLETT advised the Middle is one of those Negroes who trusts no white man and if he consented to be interviewed, the source believes he would give a prepared talk which he keeps for such occasions and would not let any one know what he really thinks or feels. The source stated he personally likes NEWLETT although he is opposed to NEWLETT'S way of thinking. He stated that NEBLETT has rather high moral

principles and he noted that on several occasions he has seen girls who have been attracted by NEBLETT'S reputation "throw themselves" at him. It is obvious that NEBLETT could have "had them" but he politely avoided them, taking care not to hurt their feelings. The source noted that NEBLETT drinks but knows his limit and stays within it. Few people, if any, are close to NEBLETT and he keeps his personal business to himself. NEBLETT carries a 22 automatic according to this source who also stated he had seen five or six hand guns in the SNCC or BPP office at 375 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury, Massachusetts.

On September 12, 1968, advised that the BPP has been holding its meetings at the Opportunities Industrialization Center, 186 Dudley Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts. Its members "hang around" the Boston SNCC office at 375 Dudley Street, and are also in and out of the Boston CORE office at 373 Dudley Street. The source noted that "CHICO" NEBLETT is the head of the Black Panthers and the source believes that OSCAR EARL, Ta militant Negro in the Boston area, is also a member. The BPP participated in the Gibson School boycott in Dorchester, Massachusetts according to the source. The source advised that the Gibson School boycott involved a group of black parents who withdrew their children from the Gibson School in the Roxbury section of Boston in an attempt to force the school committee to name a black principal for the school. The children who were taken out of the school, were sent by the parent group to a "liberation school" for classes. The issue as to whether the school committee can · prevent the removal of these children is to be heard in the Boston courts.

further advised that some members of the BPP stationed themselves in the area of the "liberation school" in an attempt to stop mothers from bringing their children to that school. They told these mothers to send their children to the "liberation school" which was being run by BENJAMIN F. SCOTT, a Megro chemist, whom the parents would like to be named as principal of the Gibson School. In noted that in his opinion, SCOTT is a fanatic and a psychoneurotic who he considered dangerous. The source stated that many of the children going to the "liberation school" go there because their parents are afraid not to send them.

On August 2, 1968, ROBERT VANCE WALTON and JOHN MICHAEL WALTON were arrested at the residence of JOHNNIE LEE JACKSON,

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BS 100-35267

Box 191, Hayneville, Alabama as fugitives. They were wanted for unlawful flight to avoid prosecution for murder. They were arrested by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and local and state authorities. The residence in which the WALTONS were found was used by STOKELY CARMICHAEL when he visited Lowndes County in March, 1968. The building has, in the past, been referred to as the "Freedom House" and has been used to hold meetings of Black Nationalists and SNCC sympathizers. At the time of the arrest of the WALTONS on August 2, 1968, a search, incidental to arrests, was made of the premises of the "Freedom House".

Among the items seized in the above search were the following:

Item number one - 111 3X5 cards, most of which were dated in 1966, bearing names and addresses of persons, organizations and institutions, with notations as to amounts of money, clothing and books sent from various states in the United States and Canada. The back of one of the cards is stamped "Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee contributions" and "for deposit only, Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee contributions".

Item number two - Lists of friends of SNCC in various areas of the United States, including the Boston, Massachusetts area. These lists were typed and undated.

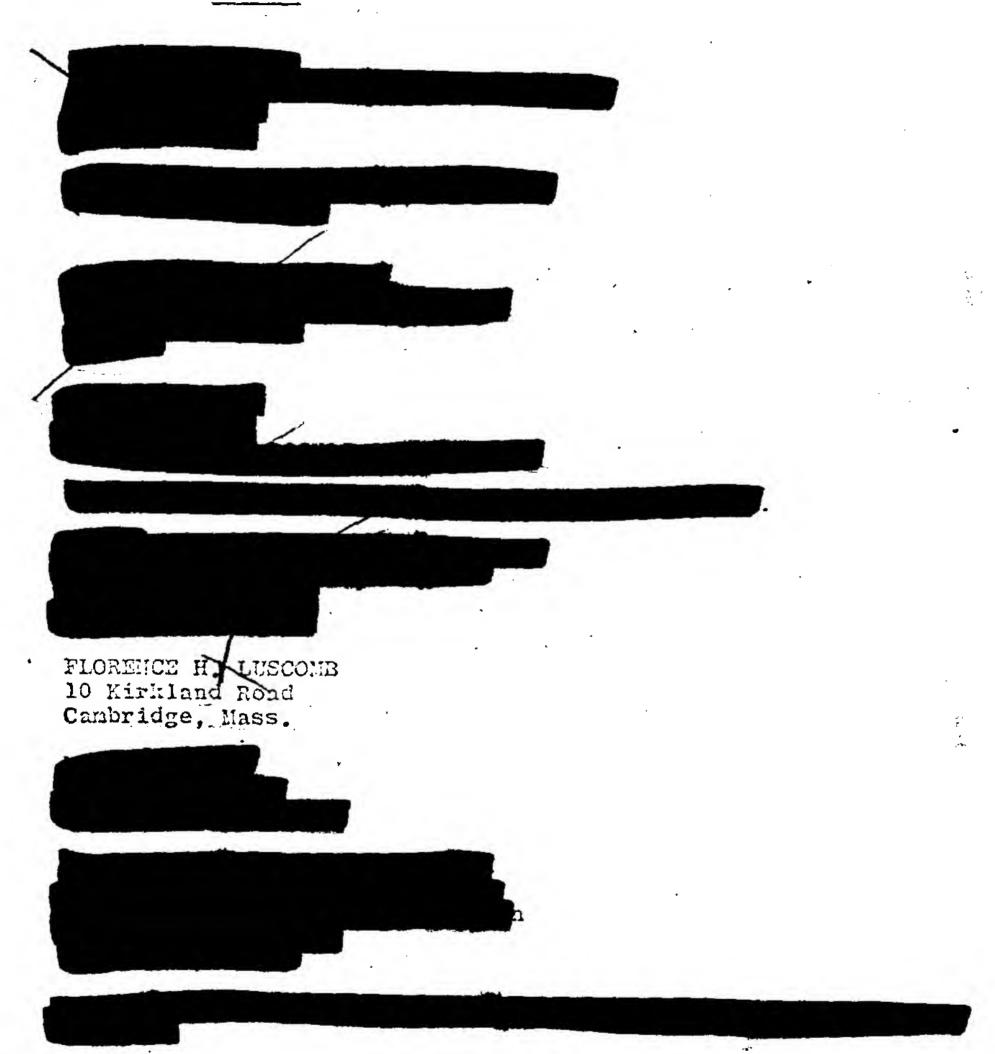
Item number three - One copy of SNCC staff directory, (first draft), undated.

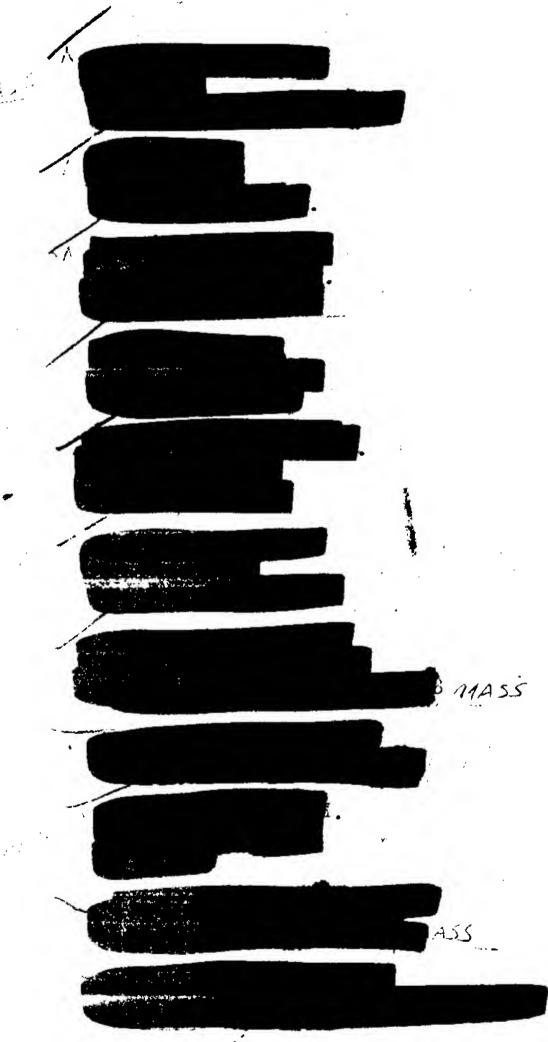
Item number four - Undated, mimeograph, single sheet entitled "SNCC Staff" lists SNCC staff members and their addresses.

Item number five - 12 typed, undated pages containing two and three columns of names and addresses and persons throughout the United States and, in one case, England, which appears to be a mailing list.

The top of these pages contained the typed notation "No Friends of SNCC" (the significance of this caption is not known but it is unlikely, due to the large number of names and wide territorial addresses given, that they are not friends of SNCC).

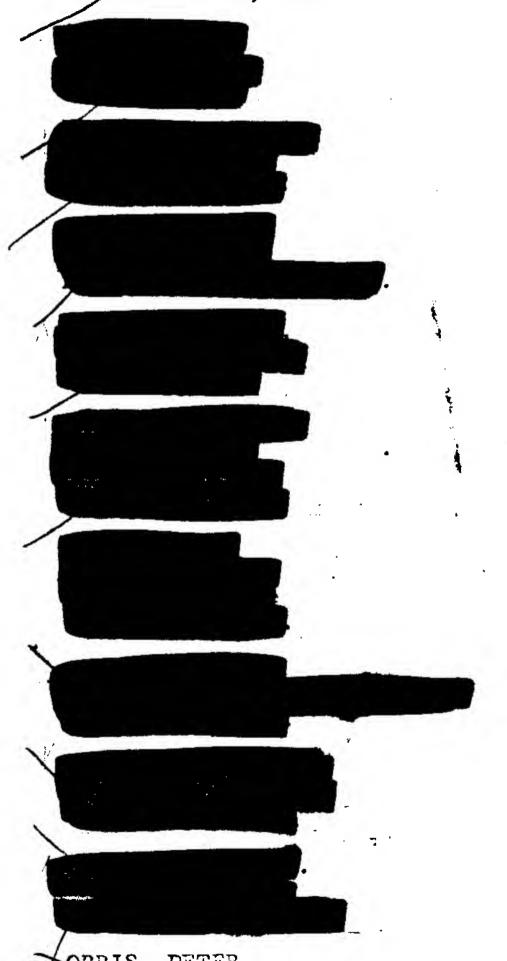
Set forth on the following pages are the names of individuals in the New England area which were contained in the above groups of rames.





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71 Chesnut St., Cam.

ZELLNER, JOHN ROBERT 71 Chesnut St, Cam.



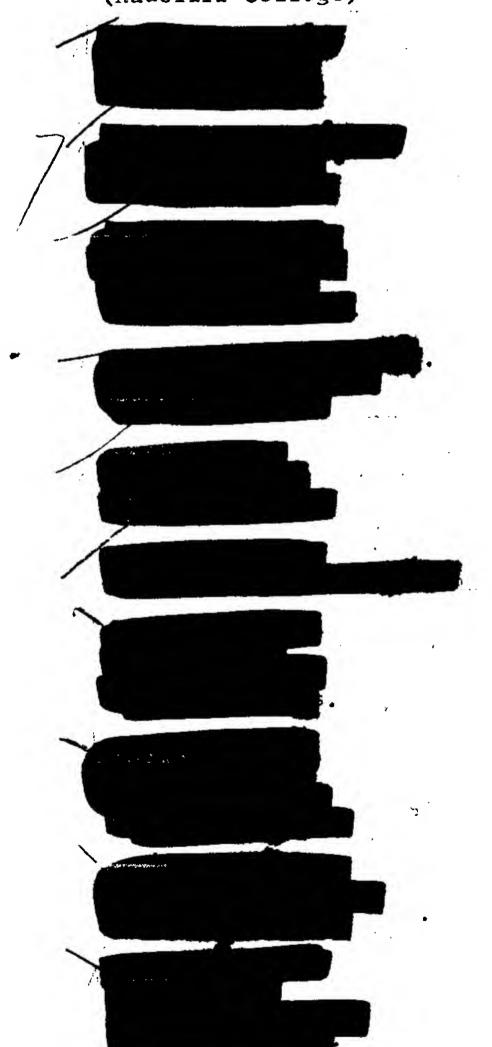
ORRIS, PETER
A 33 Mass Hall
Harvard College
Cambridge, Mass.

CAMENIBER

EASTON BARBING

130 Walker St. C.P. M. Bridge, Mass.

(Radcliff College)



Bost. MA



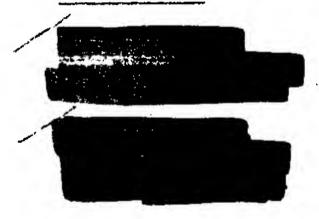
ITEM III

Boston

DOROTHY MILLER ZELLMER+ (Married) Coord. Boston area fund raising 45/wk.

ITEM IV

SNCC Staff

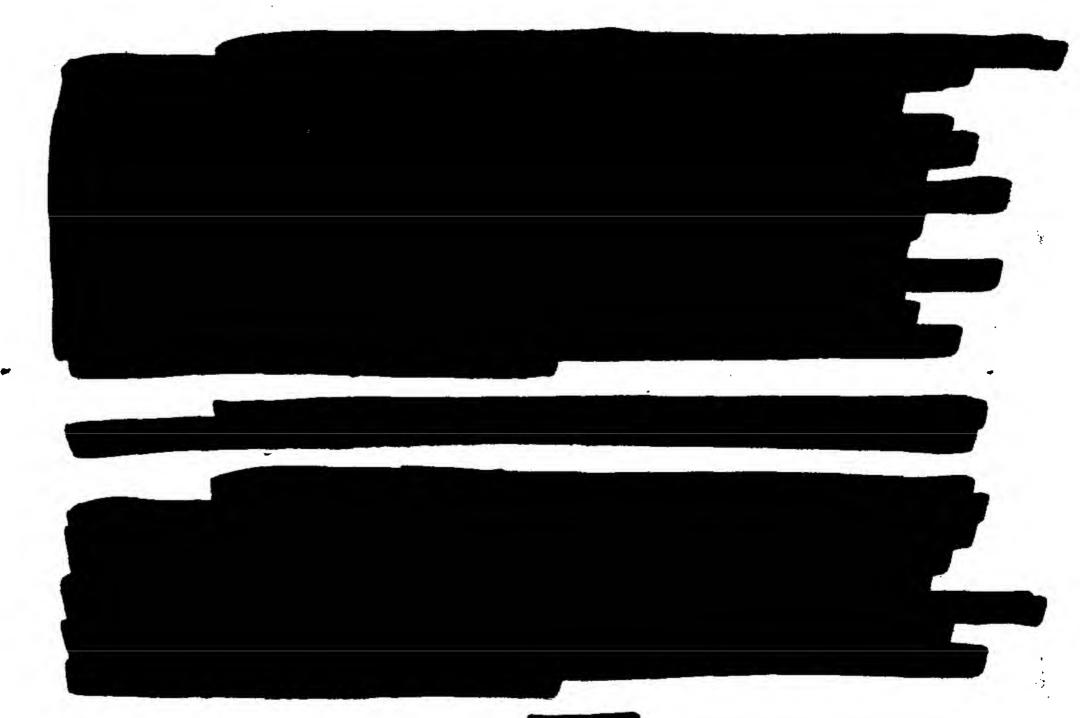


ITEM V





A characterization of some of the individuals listed above is contained in the appendix section of this report.



On September 6, 1968, advised that during a recent temporary stop-over in Atlanta, Georgia of STOKELY CARMICHAEL, CARMICHAEL was accompanied by "CHICO" NEBLETT and NEBLETT's wife and another unidentified individual. The source stated that NEBLETT is no longer associated with SNCC but is believed to be associated with the BPP. This source advised that to his knowledge, NEBLETT has not been in Atlanta, Georgia on behalf of SNCC in the past year or two. However, the surce had no proof to substantiate NEBLETT's disassociation with SNCC and current affiliation with the BPP.

The records of the Paschal Motor Motel, 830 Hunter Street, Northwest, Atlanta, Georgia reflect that on August 30, 1968, Mr. and Mrs. CARVER NEBLETT, 116 Homestead Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts, were registered in room 419. Upon registering

at the motel, NEBLETT indicated that he was representing "Black Panther".

It is noted that 116 Homestead Street, Roxbury, Massachusetts is the current residence of Mr. and Mrs. CARVER NEBLETT.

On September 30, 1968.

"CHICO" NEBLETT continues to operate from an office located at 375 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury, Massachusetts.

Stated that NEBLETT apparently continues to hold the dual position as head of Boston SNCC and the BPP and there is no clear indication that SNCC has ceased to operate in the Boston area.

ES 300-30207

APPENDIX OF INDIVIDUALS

BARBAPA MASTON -

on June 9. 1966, advised that the first session of the Communist Party (CF) USA, New England District Convention was held at the Hotel Bradford, Boston, Massachusette June 4. 1966 with thirty-sever acleganes, plus four visitors, all members of the CP in extendance. Among these present was Milliah EASTON, who was named to the Credentials Conmittee.

PETER PREES

on September 30, 1968, From Fedvised that as of September 30, 1968, PFTER ORKIS was a merbine of the CP USA, New England District Commission.

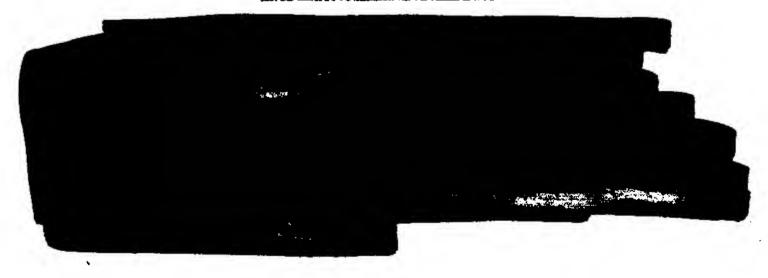
BARBARA MUTNICKSI

On September 30, 1968, identified SARBARA MUURICK as a member of the Socialist Workers Party, Boston, Massachusetts.

A characterization of the Socialist Workers Party is contained in the appendix of this report.

The Socialist Workers Party has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10451.

FLORENCE LUSCOMB 54



DS 100-35267

DO THE DOROTHY RACHELLINER

On March 5. 1955, DOROTHY RACHELLE ZEITHER advised

11: 571 Boiles Minss Square, Boston, Massachusetts, by SMCO on the same date, that she was co-chairman of SMCO. She said the pickeding was being conducted to register opposition to the conduct of Agents of the State of Alabama in repelling the "Right to Vote March" conducted by Regro marchers in Selma, Alabama on Sunday, March 7, 1958.

MINIMAS JOHN ROBER: 21/1000

CONN

The May 10, 1966, issue of "Aim," self described as the Bulletin of the American Independent Movement and published by the Independent Political Action Committee reveals on page one, in an article captioned. "Polert Zellner: Campaign Manager," that 2 MINER is the manager of the "Cook for Congress Capaign."

ROBERT M. COOK, Assistant Professor of Sociology, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut, was running for Congress from the 3rd Congressional District. His headquarters, known as the Independent Political Action Committee, were located in Room #3, 241 Orange Street, New Moven. Connecticut.

This article reveals that ZELLNER studied sociology in the Graduate School at Brandeic University until November. 1965, when he "returned to the South" to do research on Alabamalpolitics for the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Considers (SNCC). It was pointed out that ZELLNER was the first white Field Sceretary of SNCC and seried as a member of the Executive Board and that he and his will "DOFTIES," and daughter, "MARGARIE RACHEL", presently reside at New Mayon, Connecticut.

APPEROIX

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SOCIARAST WORKERS WARRY DOUBLE, 12008A01USTARIA

A source advised on March 13, 1961, that the Socialist Workers Party, Boston, Massachuzetts, was forwed in the letter part of the 1930s. Whis source stated that as of July, 1938, this group was the Boston local of the Socialist Workers Farty.

Ascertification at the test of the T. 1959, the Socialist Workers Farty, Boston, Massechusette, is the local affiliate of and follows the aims and purposes of the national Socialist Workers Narty.

Une Socialist Workers Party has been designated by the Astorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order (0150.

APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY, eka Black Panther Party for Self Defense

A source advised that the Black Panther Party for Self Defense (BPPSD) was formed by HUEY PERCY NEWTON, Minister of Defense, and BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, Chairman, in December, 1966, as a militant black nationalist polictical organization to combat "police brutality," to unite militant black youth, and to determine the destiny of black communities. The political philosophy was taken from writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of Communist China and black militant writers.

In March, 1968, the name of the organization was changed to Black Panther Party (BPP).

The official BPP publication, "The Black Panther Party - Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates use of guns and guerrilla tactics in their violent revoluntionary pregram to end oppression of black people.

On February 17, 1968, ELDRIDGE CLEAVER, Minister of Information, announced marger of the BPP and Student Monviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) and bestowed title of Minister of Justice, BPP, upon H. RAP BROWN, Chairman of SNCC.

SNCC is a militant Negro organization which preaches black supremacy.

Readquarters of BPP and Huey P. Newton Defence Fund are located at 4421 Grove Street, Oakland, California.



STUDENT MORY TOLDER COORDINATING COMMITTEE

The Student Monviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), headquartered at 360-362 Helson Street, S. V., Atlanta, Georgia, is a nonmemberable organization, which was born out of the sit-in movement that crupted across the South beginning in 1960.

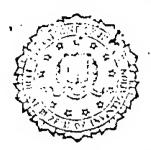
Today SHCC identifies itself as an organization in the revolutionary vanguard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program.

According to SNOC the year 1937 marked a historic milectors in the struggle for the liberation of black people in the United States and the year that revolutionaries throughout the world began to understand more fully the impact of the black revenent. SNCC declared that "liberation will come only when there is final destruction of this mad octopus—the capitalistic system of the United States with all its like-sucking tentacles of emploitation and racism that choke the people of Africa, Asia, and batin America. The realities of black life, together with the recognition instilled in SNCC workers forced its members to further popularize the legitimacy of self-defense and rebellions when oppression became too great."

From May, 1988, until May, 1987, Stokely Carmichael was Mational Chairman of SNCC. As of July, 1988, Carmichael resided in Machington, D. C., where he was affiliated with SNCC and active as temporary chairman of a black coalition group. In May, 1987, Carmichael was replaced by Hubert Geroid. Brown, commonly known as H. Pap Brown, who served until June, 1988.

In June, 1988, at the Staff and Central Committee meeting of SNCC held in Atlanta, Georgia, it was decided to meeting the organization by equalization of responsibility by creating ten deputy or vice chairmanahips. The primary purpose for this change is to take law enforcement pressure off any single individual.





In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UN, OD STATES DEPARTMENT OF STICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Boston, Massachusetts October 25, 1968

Title

STUDENT NON-VIOLENT

COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - SNCC

Reference

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Report of SA dated and captioned as above at

Boston, Massachusetts.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC)

Section 5 of 19 sections

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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REFERENCES:

Bureau sirtel to Buffalo, dated 11/22/67
Report of SA dated 12/18/67, at Atlanta.

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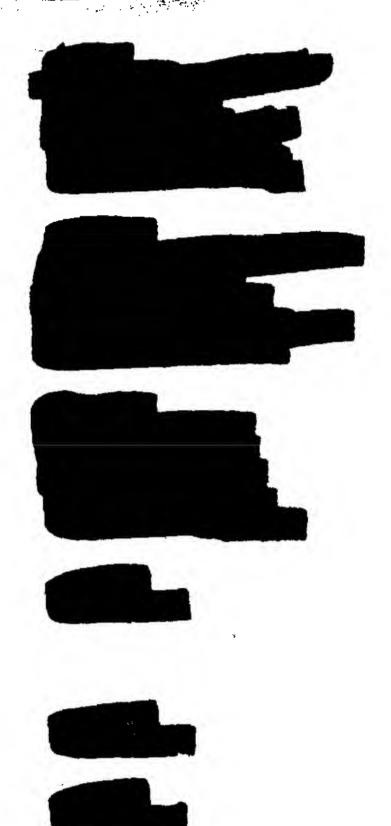
AT BUFFALO, NEW YORK

Will continue to follow and report pertinent activities of SNCC. Buffalo, New York

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Office: Buffalo, New York .

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Field Office File #: 157-213

Bureau File #:

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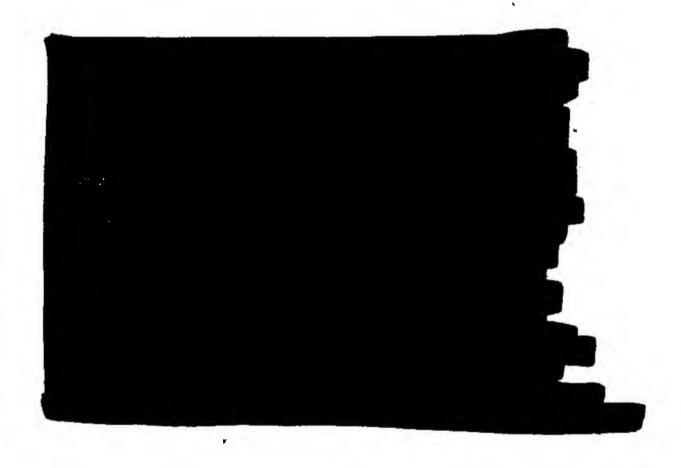
Title:

STIDENT NON-VIOLENT CCORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Charge on

INTERNAL SECURITY - SNCC

Synopsis:





Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

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Synopsis: (Continued)



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stalls: A. EUFPALO, NEW YORK

1. Masis

Investigation of the Student Non-Virtual Contilouting Cormittee (NAC) by the Federal Bureau of Investigation is not intended to concern the legitimate activities of this organization but by simed at determining any Communist infiltration of Mac an intentions of planning or end give in vioonce.

11. PEORESC OF COGNIZATION

adviced or early 8, 1968 that three expains meetings of the Europe Chapter of SECO name been seen those litt formation in deptember of 1967 and these rections were all held at the heighborhood Yeath lenter.

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PARABER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

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MEMBERS

ROBERT GITNEY

GEORGE GRAHAM

ROBERT HILL

JAMES PITTS

Pillmore College, State University of New York at Buffalo (Col. B), suffalo, New York.

advised FRED_HUDSON is presently in Patroit, Michigan, recuperating from an illness and is expected to return to Buffalo at the and of January of 1968.

State University. College at Buffalo (SUCAR). GIFNEY is a State University. College at Buffalo (SUCAR). GIFNEY is also Chairman of the Fruit Belt Youth Pederation.

of Barvard University and may possibly be a Student at SUNIAE.

ROBERT MILL, according to . is or employee of the Incapais Gas Company at Buildalo.

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

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publication in half the counter-apprend, " a drift newspaper publication in half to a section of its September 185, 1967 is the form a market of Chapter of India and been as tablished. In this of a counter to a section of the counter through a LATERICA, when it double as himself as a performance of the counter of LATERICA, where it double the three the counter to a section of the counter through the counter three three interests of the counter to a section of the counter three interests of the counter three counters of the counters of the counter three counters of the c

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the statement in the "Burfalo Courier-Express" in September of 1967 officially listing MARKIS as Chairman and HUDSON as Program Director.

On December 19, 1967, advised that a social organization was formed in the fall of 1967 on the campus of SUCAB by JOHN READING, brother of FREDERICK DOCK BRADING, which is known as "SNCC Associates." This group has no official connection with SNCC either locally or in New York City. A dance was held on the SUCAB campus in partly December of 1967 which raised \$165.00

IV. FUNDS

On December 19, 1967 and January 8, 1968, adviced the Buffalo Chapter of SNCC has no funds we liable. Several small contributions have been received from members but this money has been used to defray local expenses of locallet distribution.

V. INFLUENCE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY ON SNCC

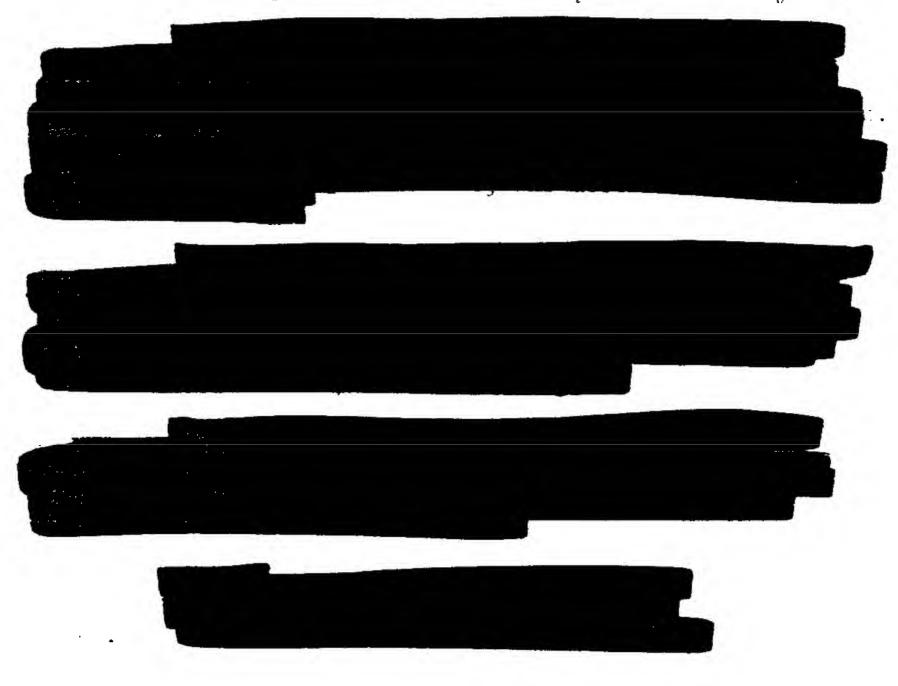
advised on January 11, 1968 that he is familiar with a majority of the racial organizations in the City of Euffale

BU 157-213

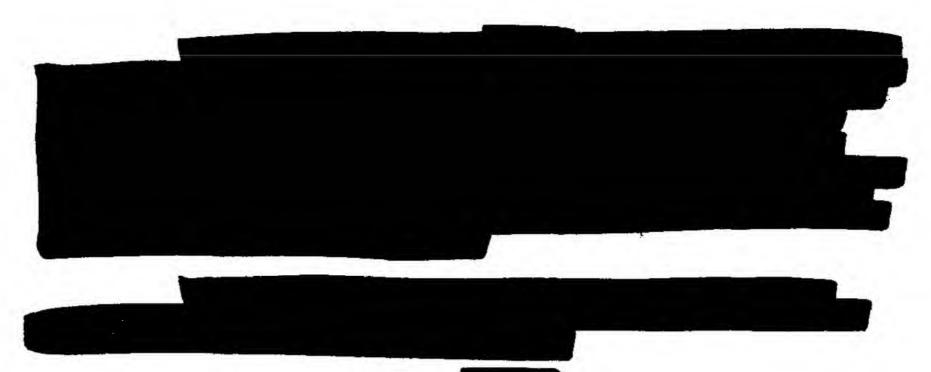
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informer tosid be believed HARKIS was not intorested in any program in which any subversive organizations would involve themselves and HARRIS scomed to be alert to the possibility of Communist Party (CP) infiltration.

Informant also said he further believes that the fuffale chapter of SNOC will probably not grow to any size because the local leadership will be unable to device enough time to organizing it properly. Furthermore, the majority of Regroes in Buffalo are not attracted to the militant position SNOC has adopted nationally.



- For the inclument SDE is contained to the end of a pages of this report.



respectively as a control Peace Table of the Student schillest and the Student schillest and a committee (TM) at SUNYAR. Inche decoments not sinter and the sent of selection of the selection of the selection of Sales, Burilland and the Sales, Burilland and the selection of Sales, Burilland and the selection of Sales and additionation of Sales and the selection of Sales and S

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Student Mobilization Committee. The chief focal of activity has moved from the campus to the community." The article disclosed the program of Buffalo SMC will encompass peace activities, including anti-Viet Nam war action, Draft resistance, and a community education program.

In August of 1967, advised that Buffalo SMC, during the summer of 1967, has been meeting regularly on the SUNYAB campus. Its membership and leadership is comprised of the "New Left," which consistently opposes all phases of United States policy, both foreign and domestic. The local publication which usually carries the line of the Buffalo SMC is "The Buffalo Insighter."

VI. PROGRAMS OF SNCC INVOLVING PLANNING OF OR ENGAGING IN VIOLENCE

falo Chapter of SNCC has no present program of any kind and is not planning or engaging in any activity leading to racial violence. The three regular meetings held thus far of this Chapter have been devoted to a discussion of whether or not to continue the Buffalo Chapter of SNCC or to change its name to some more appealing title, such as "Black Liberation Movement" or "Black Awareness Coordinating Committee." Most of the present members feel that the latter name has the greatest appeal.

Informant advised leaders of the Buffalo Chapter of SNCC have had practically no communication from either

the National Headquarters of SNCC or the New York City Office. Chairman GEORGE HARRIS received a form letter from New York City appealing for help to overcome a Court ruling that prevents National Chairman H. RAP BROWN from leaving New York City. Headquarters is apparently trying to ease these restrictions so that BROWN can travel more frequently.

members seem to be more interested in their own pet projects rather than combining their efforts to work just for SNCC.

advised on December 19, 1967 and Jancary 8, 1900 that SNCC Chairman GEORGE HARRIS had made it clear that he does not condone racial violence and leaf this will not be the policy of SNCC in Buffalo as long as he is Chairman. Informant said HARRIS is occupied through his employment as Youth Director of the Neighborhood Youth Center with young Negroes and is trying to thannel their energies into useful activities and recreation.

AFFEBLEX

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY

A source advised on April 20, 1965 that the Progressive Labor Party (PLP), formerly known at the drogressive Labor Movement (PLM), neld its first rational convention on April 15 to 10, 1965 at New York, new tork, to organize the FLE into the PLP. The PLE would have as its titimage objective the establishment of a militant working class movement based on Marxism-Leninism.

"The New York Times," City Edition, of Tuesday, April 20, 1965, on Page 27, reported a new party of "revolutionary Pocialist" was formally founded on April 18, Pup under the name Pln. The PLP was described at an out-court of the FLM. Its officers were identified as MILTON HOSEL, Sew York, Frenchent, and William EPTON, Jaw York, the MORE Schieß, San Francisco, Vice Presidents. A 20-member Rational Committee was elected to direct the Party until the next convention.

According to the article "the Progressive Luber Communist Fact, Sameer and Fact, Sameer Centerty and Called Luce Communist Fact, Salar and Fact.

in Fift particles "Frograssive Labor," a bior contamination of Table on the a monthly wow York with orderespon, and Toponic a West-Coast newspaper.

The April 1967 issue of "Challenge," or Fame 14, and the "This paper is nedicated to fight for a new way of the exercise weak one wamen own and orbital their actions, parise, courts, and the coults government of every lovel."

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<u> APARATAA</u>

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PROGRESCIVE LAWOR 14877 (Continued)

. second court, advised on September 17, 1966 that the FLF utilities the address of General First Office for 500, Brooklyn, des Fors, but also utilizes or office in Borm 617, One Ution Square, W., New York City, where FLF publications are prepared.

APPENDIX

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY - BUFFALO Formerry Progressive Labor Movement

A solvice advised in May of1966 that the Progressive Labor Party (PLe) in Buffalo, New York, formerly the Progressive Labor Movement, is an affiliate of the National Progressive Labor Party, and follows the aims and principles of the National organization, New York, New York.

It is same source, on May 10, 1967, furnished information that the PLP no longer has a formal organization in Buffalo out its adherents maintain contact with the National PLF through receipt of literature and maintain contact with each other through periodic meetings of what they refer to as Markist-Leninist classes.

APPENDIX



SIMPENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention help at Port Huron, Michigan, in June of 1962. SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the Draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a Conscientious Objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the War in Viet Nam, and to "radically transform" the university community and provide for its complete control by students.

USA, when interviewed by a representative of the United - Preca International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1905, described SDS as part of the "responsible left," which the Party has "going for us."

At the June 1965 SDS National Convention, an anti-Communist provise was removed fro the SDS Constitution. In the October 7, 1966 issue of the "New Left 'Hotes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated there are some Communists in SDS and they are welcome.

as of April 75, 1957, was located in Room 206, 1608 W. Madison Street. Chicago, Illinois.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reg V, Please Refer to

Burralo, New York. January 26, 1968

Litle

STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Chu racter

INTERNAL SECURITY - SNCC (Buffalo file 157-213)

Reference

Report of SA , dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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INFORMANTS

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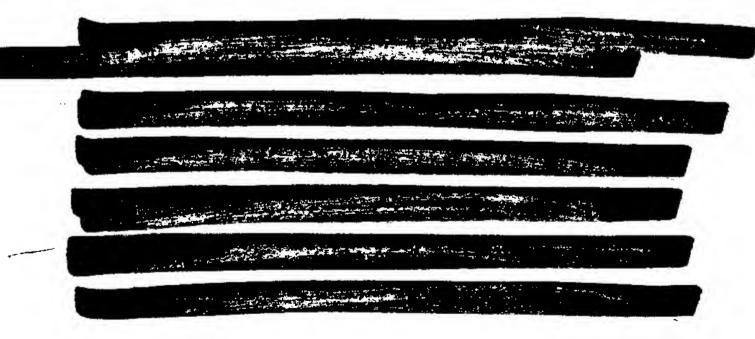
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Instant report page 5



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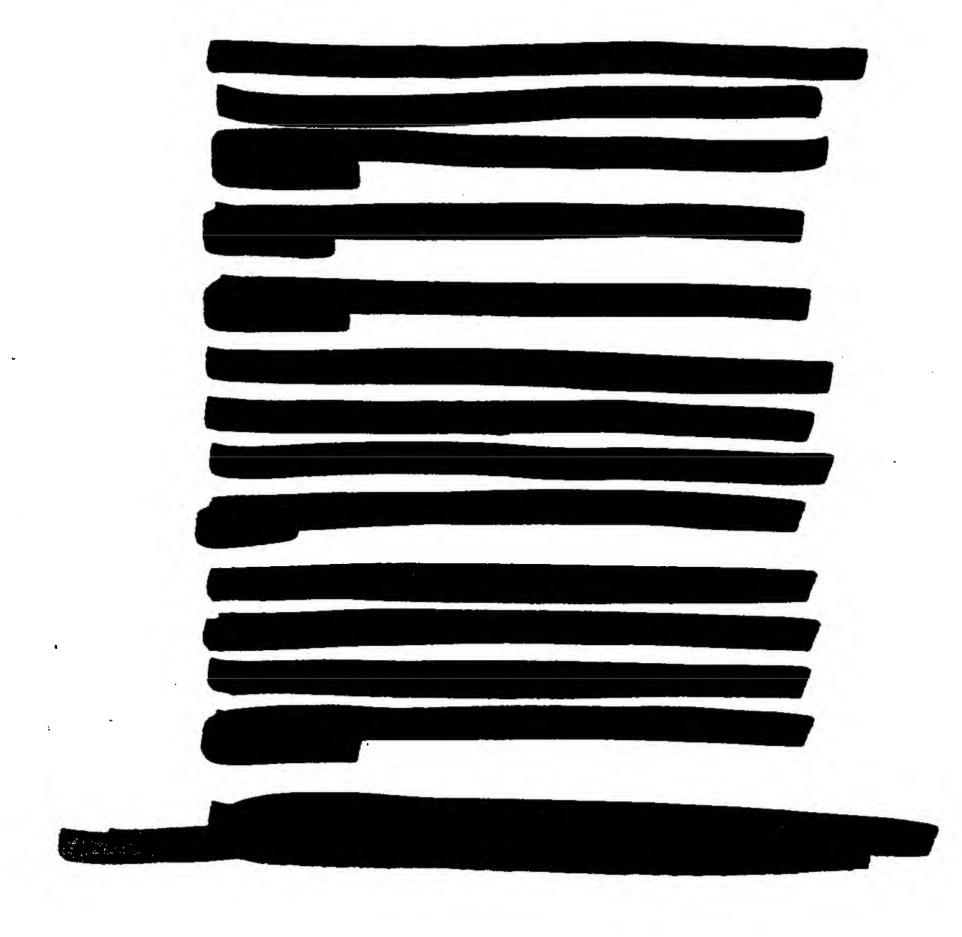
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



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Copy to:

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Rome, New York (RM)

Report of:

6/27/68

Office: Buffalo, New York

Date:

Field Office File #: 157-213

Bureau File #: 100-439190

Title:

STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Character:

RACIAL MATTERS

- SNCC

Synopsis:

Buffalo Chapter of SNCC opened headquarters at 289 High Street, Buffalo, N.Y., on about 4/1/68, but was evicted in early May, 1968, for non-payment of rent and internal strife. Chairman GEORGE WILLYHARRIS, planning to open a book and record shop at Peach and High Streets, Buffalo, on or about 7/1/68, which will serve as cover for future SNCC activity, Buffalo SNCC Chapter has no funds, not presently holding regular meetings and has no official membership. No indication of recent interest by Communist Party in Buffalo Chapter of SNCC.

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GROUP I Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

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BU 157-213

Details

T. 7.3.

AT BUFFALD, NEW YORK

. BASIS

In estigation of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) by the Redoral Bureau of Investigation is not incended to concern the legitimate antivities of this organization but is simed at determining any Communist infiltration of SNCC and whether this organization in Buffalc, New York, has any intention of planning or engaging in violence.

II. ADDRESS OF ORGANIZATION

On March 23, 1968, advised that GEORGE Will HARRIS. Chairman of the Buffalo Chapter of SNIC, announced they arrangements had been made for future meetangs of SNIC to be held at a newly acquired location at ABB Sigh Spreet, Buffalo, New York.

On May 1, 1968, advised that SNCC had held several meetings at 269 High Street, during April, 1956, and that several young Negro females had periodically time to this address to handle routine clerical functions in the headquareers.

On May 20, 1968, advised that the Buffalo Clarter of SNCC had been evicted from its headquarters at 269 High Screet for non-payment of rent for the month of April, 1968, and because the landlord for this address was disturbed by an internal struggle which had taken that at SNCC neadquarters on May 9, 1968, which attracted considerable neighborhood attention to activities going on there, resulting in unfavorable publicity. Informant cointed out that on May 9, 1968, Chairman GEORGE WILL HARRIS had been personally assaulted by several militant young Negro males and had invaded SNCC headquarters on the afternoon of that day and had attempted to take over control of

EJ 157-813

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SNCC. Informent powered that HAFRIS returned to SNCC headquarters on the following day with a group of supporters and regained nosassation of SNOC beadquarters . Informant identified reversi of the aroup who strembled to seize nontrol of SNIC an James JENKINS, a laborer an the Bethlebem Steel Company, Lackensone, New York: BRENT JESSE RULLING; RL EDWARD WELLAFR, JR.: DAYID WILSON, who, with his vire, GWENIGLYN WILEON, had made a number of appearances at SNCC headquarters during April, 1968, and ROM HILL.

langised on June 24, 1968, that the Buffalo Chapter of Tall place to resume operations or or about July 1, 1965, in a small store building at the corner of reach and high Evrapts, appears the street from the Mt. Zion Papti t Church, which is located at 318 High Street, Informant said that OFFOR WILL HARRES recently indicated that a book shor and repord store will be operated in the store proper and SNOO will meintein a deak in the basement of the building from which future SNCO operations will be directed. Informant said that MAPRIS hones to attract a group of young militant Negroes to SNUT through the medium of the book and record shop.

MEMBERSHIP OF SNGS

on Maron 27, 1968, ladyised that GEORGE WILL HARRIS continues to serve as Chairman of the Buffalo Chapter of SNCC FRED BUDSON, formerly considered the Program Director, as their in Detroit, Michigan, with his family and vas no longer interested in returning to Buffalo, . New York : SHARON WEST continued to indicate an interest in PNOC aptivities but no longer held the post of Based and Ver Secretary

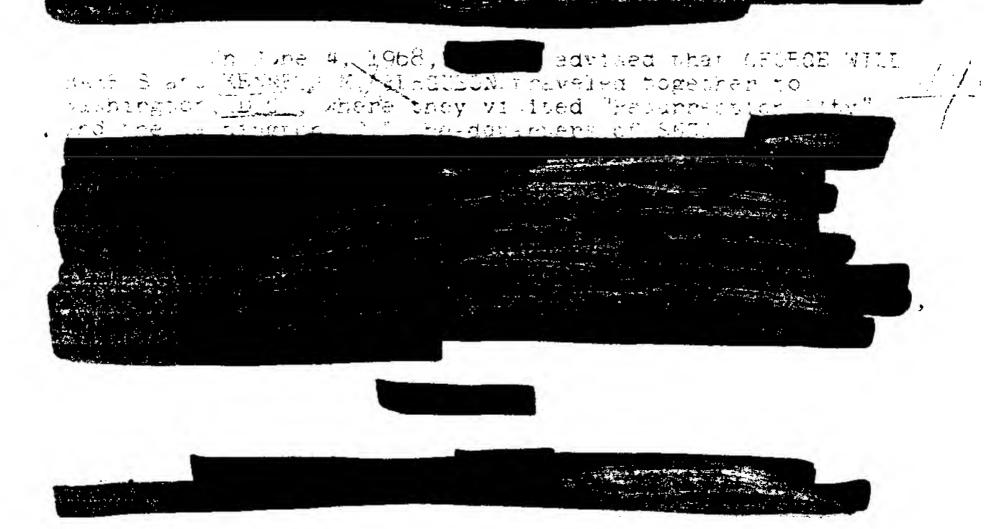
Mounther advised on March 27, 1968, that former members FOBERT SLDNEY, formerly identified as FCBERE GITNEY, ROBERT HILL and JAMESKRITTS could no longer c confidence as SNOC members. GEORGE TRAHAM was still at that tire considered a member of SNCO.

On April 14, 1968, one of the young people then showing up at the new SNCC headquarters at 289 High Street, BU 157-113

Buffalo, Nov Yook, who commed actoromore so to sing part in the office for all of the office for all of the office for all of the properties and Buffelo Notes.

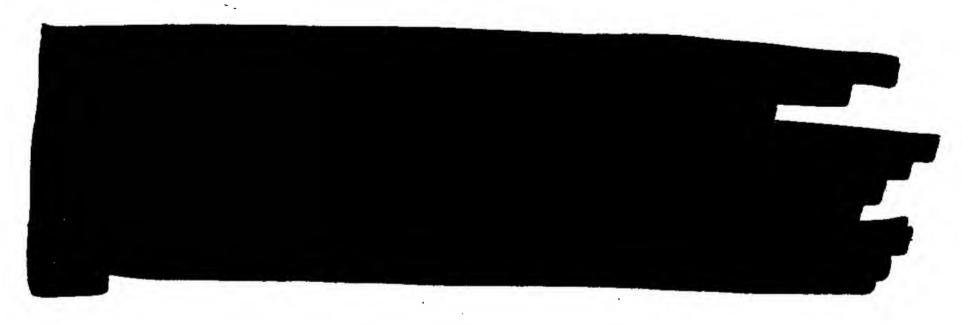
had sport will never ments in "Sewarrection City, who washington, D.O. with of the Four Peoples Carraign sponsored by the Boothern Chelitian Leadership Conference (BCLC) - NDA Buil netured to Barralo, New York, with a contingent of respectives of the Poor Peoples Cambaian on June 20, 1962, and additated that the might return to Washington, D.C., after a short when in Auffaic of several city. Theorement indicated that the would probably second her activities in SSIC on her seturn to Buffaic.

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INFIDENCE OF THE COMMONIST PARTY
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County Constable Street on June 10, 1968, that her Entero of influence the Author To-phen of ENCO and has made no overtures toward to instance, Gelrge Will habeld.



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Weillie & States

Literature distributed by the Student Honviolent Coordinating Committee (SHCC), headquartered at 360~362 Nelson Street, S.V., Atlanta, Georgia, describes itself as not being a membership organization, but rather an agency attempting to stimulate and foster the growth of local protest movements. SHCC was been out of the sit-in movement which erupted advoca the South beginning on February I, 1960. A conference at Equeigh, North Carolina, that Spring, brought together many of the demonstrating Southern students in a loose network of militant youth which was officially named SHCC in October, 1960.

A source has advised that in May, 1966, Stokely Carmichael was elected National Chairman by the Central Committee. In May, 1967, Carmichael was replaced as Chairman by M. Rap Brown, with Carmichael assuming the position of Recruiter and Organizer for the SNCC. In August, 1967, at the invitation of Fidel Castro, Carmichael participated in the Organization of Latin American Solidarity Conference which was held in Havane, Cuba. Subsequent thereto, Carmichael traveled to Hanoi and other sections of North Vietnam. He returned to the United States in December, 1967, at which time his passport was picked up because of travel to unauthorized countries.

A source advised that when Carmichael was elected Chairman of SHCO, the organization embarked on a program of eliminating Caucasians from its ranks. With the election of H. Rap Brown as Chairman in 1967, it embarked on a world-wide struggle for human rights and to take a firm stand against violations of those rights by the American Government and to strengthen its programs of opposition to the draft and to the United States involvement in Vietnam.

Literature distributed in February, 1968, identifies SNCC as an organization in the revolutionary vanguard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program.

On August 13, 1967, while addressing a group in the Watts area of Los Angeles, California, H. Rap Brown said "You better shape up America, or we'll burn you down." Later in February, 1968, in a publicized note Brown wrote, "America, if it takes by death to organize my people to revolt against you and to organize your jails to revolt against you and to organize your children, your God. your poor, your country, and to organize mankind to rejoice in your destruction and ruin, then here's my life."



UNITED STRUCTURE LIBER SERVICES TESTICON TO SERVICE LIBERT SERVICES CONTRACTORS.

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CO SECURITING CONTINUES ASSET

Character

RACIAL MATTERS - SNOO Euffeld tile 157-213)

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Record of SR dated and captioned as above.

All sources (energy any listed below) whose identities are concealed in references communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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FEDERA BUREAU OF IN ESTIGATION

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INFORMANTS

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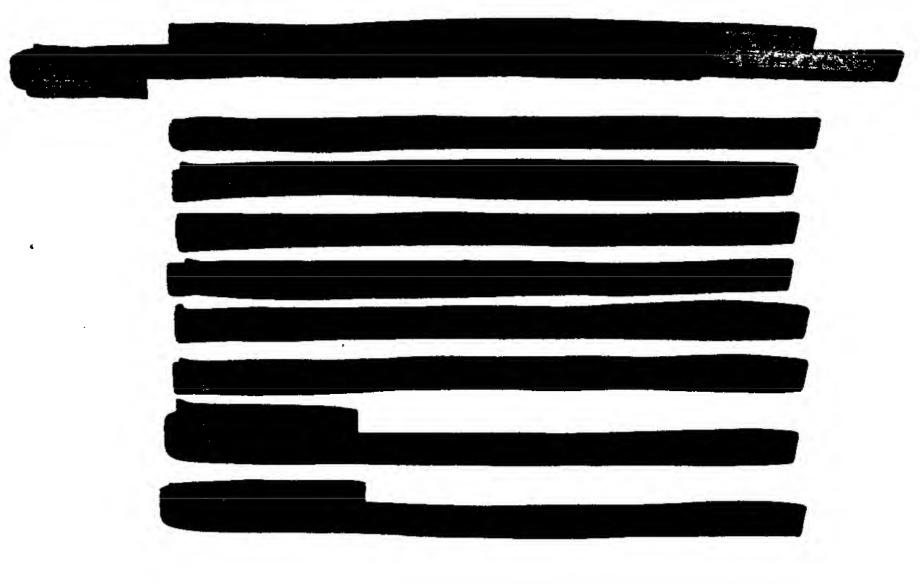


Location

157-213-241 -231 -238 and instant report pages 2, 4, 5.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Instant report is classified "CONFIL TIAL" since data from could reasonably result in the identification of a confidential informant of continuing value and compromise his future effectiveness.



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Divestigation of the Street He Mon-Violer Coordinature Cossitues (1901) by an Pederal Europe of Emessingation is not instanced to concern whe less time to activities of this organization but is wined at determining any commuse and libbretion of MOO and whither this organization in Bullsta, I a look, her any intention of themes, or engaging in violence.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ADDRESS CE ORGANIZA DEM

On July 17, 1968, apvised then the Chairman of the Buildako Chapter of SIKO, GRUBGE Will HARRIS, announced his resignation from the Helphor build Community House, 97 Jepon Street, Bullialo, Tow York. Upon effective August 1, 1968.

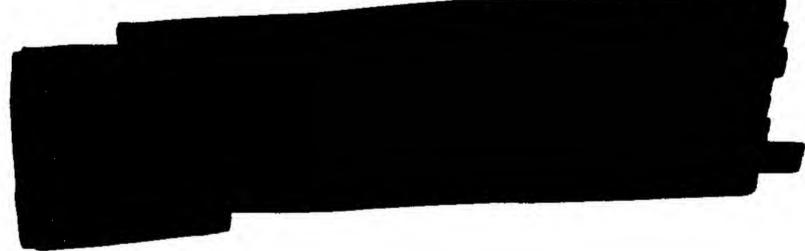
daRRIS inquested that SMID tections of a total state their could no longer be conducted from the Mengaborators of run-ity House. He added that he had of men up a row off or thise which would be known as the "Twelve Darbook livet. To "High Street, Buffalo, a naighborhood atoms, which would state, buffalo, a naighborhood atoms, which would street, soft drugs such as aspisant, beauty alos, household street, soft drinks and candy.

HARRIS stated that there is a percment room in this store which is adequate for the holding of Tyll helet-ings and which would also provide on office area for the conducting of SMCO business.

On August 21, 1968, advised that 0:0000 William HARRIS had conducted several so-walled meetings in the basement at 317 High Surest for the ourpose of trying to organize a chapter of SNOO in Buffalo. "ness meetings were attended by some 15-20 youths, both male and female, who had expressed an interest in affiliating with SNOO.

On September 17. 1968, dvisel time GENERIC WILL HARRIS had closed the "Twelve O'Clock hear" and resear sold the stock. This action was brought about by an atteach on HARRIS by a former employee, HERMARD TERRO on an ersociety named MICHARL CITTE, a recent parolee from tritor.

cointed out that HARRIS had been avey from Euffalo, New York, during the last week in August, 1506, visiting Chicago, Ellinois, to observe the Europeantic United Convention.



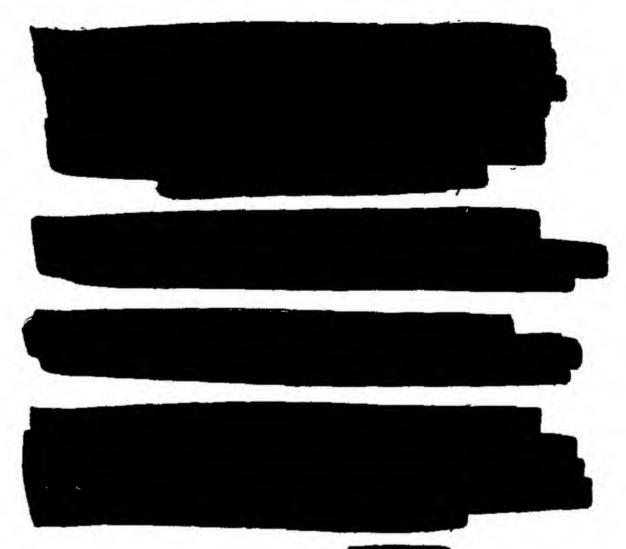
ALLE MEMBERSHIP

On August 21, 1968.

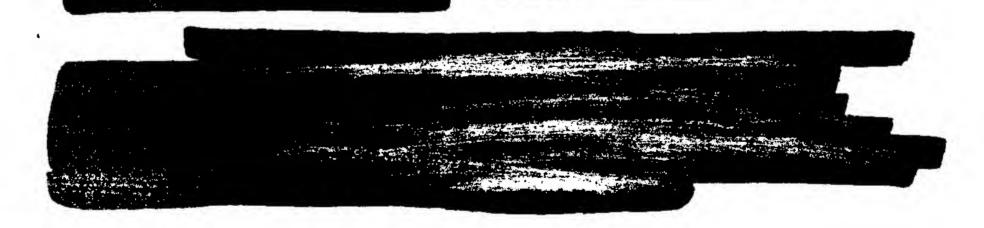
Chairman dicker about the first had recently precised a form called a Registration Record indicating that the was the document establishing an intertion to join office at the dalled for the disting of an individual a name, at address, employment, adveation and other measurements advised that the 15-20 years and office data. Informant advised that the 15-20 years and office the gatherings at 317 High Street, butfully confine August 1968, were given this form to ensure.

plans in anticipation of the establishment of a common charter of SMOO, to assign of they had the oblished to wanted in anticipated they had the oblished to wanted in auch rositions.





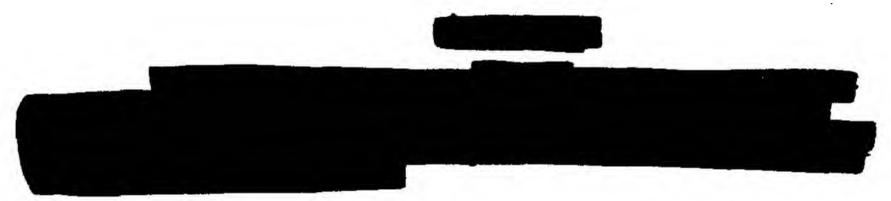
On September 37. 1968, advis t that GEORGE WILL MAFRIS planned to leave Buffalo, New 1968, on September 18, 1968, and stay for a period of this single Books ter New York



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Informant advised that the average young Negro in this area looked upon the organizing efforts of HARRIS as an excuse to get together, form a gang, and make plans to attack some rival gang either in the "Fruit Belt" area These Negro or in some other section of the ghetto. youths resented HARRIS' efforts to steer thom away from acts of violence, either toward the community or toward other rival organizations, to activity with a more reasonable purpose. Informant said that this was largely why HARRIS was unable to get a SNCC organization operational. Those Negro youths who had the education and intelligence to understand what Chairman HARRIS was trying to achieve were not interested in SNCC because they did not accept its national policy. They apparently prefer to work through other local youth organizations.

advised on September 17, 1968, that with the departure of GEORGE WILL HARRIS, no arrangements were made for the transfer of Leadership from HARRIS to anyone else in the Buffalo area to assume the leadership of SNCC. As a result, there are no longer any members of SNCC in the Buffalo, New York, area; and there are no plans for any organized SNCC meetings or activities.



V. INFLUENCE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY ON SNCC

advised on September 11, 1968, that there had been no overt steps by any individuals possibly connected with the Communist Party to infiltrate or control the Buffalo Chapter of SNCC or to make any approach to its Chairman, GEORGE WILL HARRIS.

VI. PROGRAMO OF SNOC INVOLVING PLANNING OR ENGAGING IN VIOLENCE

In Suggest 21, 1968 advised that the luffalo theyter of ENCO had held several mentions on the incides afternoons at 317 High Street. Buffalo New York, in August. 1968. The macring was held which included a discussion on the topic. "Survival for the Black Woman."

In Corment said that the Chairman GRORGE WILL HEBRIE, had recently distributed a printed lessiet entitoled, "Survival for the Black Moman," containing the following message:

"Noul whaters, do you know what to do during a rebellion?

- "h. Jan you adminster fireteid to the injured:
- "D. Are you able to protect yourself?
- 33. See you able to move through the streets during a pressing consistion in safety:

"Lf ero. ENDO is offering a course in

"every LEGGEY and THURSDAY night!

"ໄຫລາຣ - 7.ຢູ່ຕ-9:00 ຫຼຸກ

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"S07 Righ Utrest

"Cornor of Feach Street"

Informant said that he learned that US ECD Will HARRES had picked up information concerning the above topic wher he attended the National Black Anti-war - Anti-draft Union Conference held in New York City in April, 1968, sponsored by the INCC.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Buffalo, New York September 27, 1968

Title

STUDENT NON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

(Buffalo file 157-213) Report of SA Captioned dated and captioned

as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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STUDENT MON-VIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

Cheracter

RACTAL MATTERS

Sycamien

Buffalo Chapter, SNUC, discontinued operation in September, 1966, and is no longer functioning in the Westive New York area. Former SNCC Chairees GEORGE WILL MERRIS, NOW IN ROCKET L Row York

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I - Jails:

BASIS

Investigation of the Sudant Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SPCC) by the FBT is not intended to concern the Legitimate artivities of this organization but he will at determining any Communist invil accion of SMSC and whather this organization in Buff ho, New York, has any intention of planting or engaging in violence.

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that the haffeld thappen of the discontinued operation in September 1463.

the SNCC Chapter in Buffeld has ceased operations completely and no longer exists.

A characterization of SNOC is attached as an appendix to this report.

The state of the s

APPEL DEX

STUDIES NOWTOLENT COORDINATES COMMETTEE

The Student Monviolent Coordinating Committee (SMCC), headquartered at 360-369 Nelson Street, S. W., Atlanta, Georgia, is a nonmembership organization, which was born out of the sit-in revenent that erupted across the South beginning in 1950.

Totay SNOO identifies itself as an organization in the revolutionary vanquard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program.

According to SNOO the year 1967 marked a historic milestone in the struggle for the liberation of black people in the United States and the year that revolutionaries throughout the world began to understand more fully the impact of the black movernte. SNOO declared that "liberation will come only when othere is final destruction of this ton of the capitalistic system of the United States with all its life-sucking tentacles of exploitation and recism that chake the people of Africa, Asia and Latin America. One realities of black life, together with the recognition instilled in SNOO workers forced its members to further popularize the legicimacy of self-defense and rebellions when oppression became too great."

From May, 1966, until May, 1967, STORELY CARMICHAGE was Mational Chairman of SNOO. As of July, 1968, neemforage resided in Washington, D.C., where he was affiliated with SNOO and active as temporary chairman of a block coalition group. In May, 1967, CARMICHAEL was replaced by HUBERT GEROID BROWN, commonly known as H. RAP BROWN, who served until June, 1968.

ETGLERT NONVYGEIME GOORDINGMING GOLDUNGER, GOMID.

In June, 1965, at the Staff and dentral Committee meeting of SNOO held in Atlanta, Georgia, it was decided to restructure the organization by equalization of responsibility by organization by equalization of the primary purpose for this change is to take law enforcement pressure off any single individual.



BUILDER STARES DEPARTMENT OF SECTION

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In Reply, Plane Refer to This No.

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STUDENT NON-IN TO SECOND COORDINATIONS CONTRACTORS

(SNCC)

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